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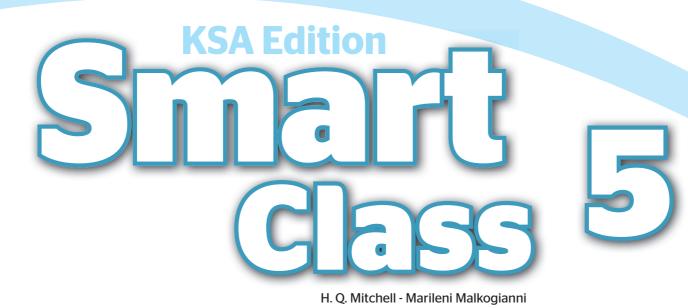
المملكة العربية السعودية Kingdom of Saudi Arabia



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مرارت التعليم Ministry of Education

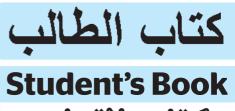


English Language Elementary Stage

Sixth Elementary Grade First Semester

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اللغة الإنجليزية المرحلة الابتدائية الصف السادس الابتدائي الفصل الدراسي الأول







طبعة ۱۱۱۰ / ۱۱۱۱ هـ 2019/2020 Edition ۲



Track list for Student's CD / CD-ROM

| Track | Module | Activity | Tra | ck | Module | Activity |
|-------|---|---------------------------|-----|----|---|----------------------------|
| 1 | Titles | | 42 | 3 | A chant | Vocabulary |
| 2 | Hello | Vocabulary | 43 | 3 | A chant | 1. Look and listen |
| 3 | Hello | 1. Listen and match | 44 | 3 | Smart kids | Vocabulary |
| 4 | Hello | Vocabulary | 45 | 3 | Smart kids | 1. Listen and read |
| 5 | Hello | 4. Listen and read | 46 | 3 | Our world | Vocabulary |
| 6 | Hello | 7. Read | 47 | 3 | Our world | 1. Listen and read |
| 7 1 | A chant | Vocabulary | 48 | 3 | Let's play | Vocabulary |
| 8 1 | A chant | 1. Listen and match | 49 | 3 | Phonics b oa t - yell ow | 1. Listen and say |
| 9 1 | Smart kids | Vocabulary | 50 | 3 | Phonics b oa t - yell ow | 2. Listen and chant |
| 10 1 | Smart kids | 1. Listen and read | 51 | 3 | Phonics b oa t - yell ow | |
| 11 1 | Our world | Vocabulary | | | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle |
| 12 1 | Our world | 1. Listen and read | 52 | 3 | Story time | 1. Listen and read |
| 13 1 | Let's play | Vocabulary | 53 | 3 | Project | 1. Read the text |
| 14 1 | Phonics ph one - lau gh | 1. Listen and say | 54 | 3 | Smart Time 3 | Vocabulary |
| 15 1 | Phonics ph one - lau gh | 2. Listen and chant | 55 | 3 | Smart Time 3 | 1. Listen and read |
| 16 1 | Phonics ph one - lau gh | | 56 | 3 | Phonics h ou se - c ow | 1. Listen and say |
| | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle | 57 | 3 | Phonics h ou se - c ow | 2. Listen and chant |
| 17 1 | Story time | 1. Listen and read | 58 | 3 | Phonics h ou se - c ow | |
| 18 1 | Project | 1. Read | | | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle |
| 19 | Smart Time 1 | Vocabulary | 59 | | Phonics revision (Workbook) | 1. Listen and say |
| 20 1 | Smart Time 1 | 1. Listen and read | 60 | 4 | A chant | Vocabulary |
| | Phonics walk s - read s - teache s | 5 | 61 | 4 | A chant | 1. Listen and match |
| | Phonics walk s - read s - teache s | 2. Listen and chant | 62 | | Smart kids | Vocabulary |
| 23 1 | Phonics walk s - read s - teache s | | 63 | 4 | Smart kids | 1. Listen and read |
| | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle | 64 | | Our world | Vocabulary |
| | Phonics revision (Workbook) | 1. Listen and say | 65 | | Our world | 1. Listen, read and circle |
| | 2 A chant | Vocabulary | 66 | | Let's play | Vocabulary |
| | 2 A chant | 1. Listen and number | 67 | | Let's play | 1. Listen and read |
| | 2 Smart kids | Vocabulary | 68 | | Phonics pill ow - t ow n | 1. Listen and say |
| | Smart kids | 1. Listen and read | 69 | | Phonics pill ow - t ow n | 2. Listen and chant |
| | 2 Our world | Vocabulary | 70 | 4 | Phonics pill ow - t ow n | |
| | 2 Our world | 1. Listen and read | | | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle |
| | Phonics t ea cher - tr ee | 1. Listen and say | 71 | | Story time | 1. Listen and read |
| | Phonics t ea cher - tr ee | 2. Listen and chant | 72 | | Project | 1. Read |
| 33 2 | Phonics t ea cher - tr ee | | | | Smart Time 4 | Vocabulary |
| | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle | | | Smart Time 4 | 1. Listen and read |
| | Story time | 1. Listen and read | 75 | | Phonics wh ere - h air - p ear | 1. Listen and say |
| | Project | 2. Show and tell | | | Phonics wh ere - h air - p ear | 2. Listen and chant |
| | Smart Time 2 | Vocabulary | /7 | 4 | Phonics wh ere - h air - p ear | |
| | Smart Time 2 | 1. Listen and read | | | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle |
| | Phonics pl ay , r ai n - rice, pie | 1. Listen and say | 78 | 4 | Phonics revision | 1. Listen and say |
| | Phonics pl ay , r ai n - r i ce, p ie | 2. Listen and chant | | | | |
| 40 2 | Phonics pl ay , r ai n - rice, pie | A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | | | |
| | (Workbook) | 1. Listen, say and circle | | | | |
| 41 2 | Phonics revision (Workbook) | 1. Listen and say | | | | |

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nien **Student's Book**

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| Track list for Student's CD/CD-ROM | |
|--|---|
| Hello 5 | Phonics |
| 1. Every day 8 | <mark>ph</mark> oto - lau <mark>gh</mark> walk <mark>s</mark> - reads - teaches |
| 2. Right now 22 | t <mark>ea</mark> cher - tr <mark>ee</mark> pl <mark>ay</mark> , r <mark>ai</mark> n - rice, pie |
| 3. My new house 36 | b oa t - yell <mark>ow</mark> h <mark>ou</mark> se - c <mark>ow</mark> |
| 4. Food, please! 50 | pill <mark>ow</mark> - t <mark>ow</mark> n wh <mark>ere</mark> - hair - pear |
| Picture Dictionary Grammar reference Answers to quiz Grade Six Objectives | |
| Workbook | Phonics |
| 1. Everyday 82 | <mark>ph</mark> oto - lau <mark>gh</mark> walk <mark>s</mark> - reads - teaches |
| 2. Right now 96 | t <mark>ea</mark> cher - tr <mark>ee</mark> pl <mark>ay</mark> , r <mark>ai</mark> n - rice, pie |
| | |

- 3. My new house 110

pill**ow** - town wh**ere** - h**air** - pear Board game...... 146

boat - yellow house - cow

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Student's book

Hello! I'm Jameel!

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Hi! I'm Ahmed.

Sm_Cl_5_Hello_SB_KSA_edit_15-16.4_4



straight

hair



curly

hair



hair



shells

purple

pur

Listen and match. Then say.



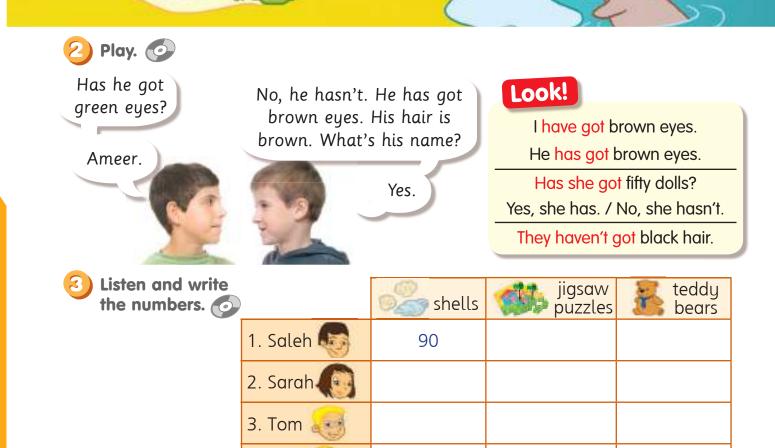
Smart friends

Hello, I'm Sharky. I'm a big fish. I have got big teeth and three purple fins.

Who's that? Who's that? What's his name? His name is Ahmed. He has got brown eyes. His hair is brown. He's very nice.

Who's that? Who's that? What's his name? His name is Jameel. He has got black hair. His eyes are brown. He's over there.

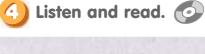
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4. Pat

6.4







My name's Salim. I'm 12 years old. My favourite sport is football. I can play football very well.

My Friends



This is my friend Saleh. He can't play football, but he loves swimming. He can swim very well.



This is my friend Sarah. She can't swim, but she can paint.

| Look! | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|-------|-----|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| l He She They | can can't | swim. | Can | you he she they | swim? < Yes | l 5, he , she they | can. can't. | | |

- 5) Read activity 4 and circle.
- 1. Salim **can / can't** play football.
- 2. Saleh **can / can't** swim.
- 3. Sarah **can / can't** swim.
- 4. Sarah **can / can't** paint.

🕤 Write 🖌 for 'I can' and 🗶 for 'I can't.' Then ask and answer. 🧔



| | You | Your friend |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|
| play basketball | | |
| swim | | |
| paint | | |
| ride a bike | | |

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Read about Afaf's family.

My family

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My name is Afaf. This is my family. My father has got brown eyes and brown hair. He can play football. My mother has got long, brown hair. My brother, Saleh, is 6 years old. His favourite sport is basketball. We have got a rabbit. Its name is Fluffy. It's great!

Be the sour father?

No, he isn't. He's my uncle. He's tall and thin. He's got black hair. His eyes are brown.



A chant











Lesson Link

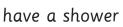
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pray

do my homework

brush my teeth



get dressed







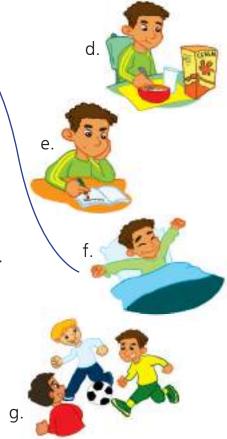


I pray and I have breakfast I always brush my teeth And I always go to school With my best friend, Keith.

Ameer's day

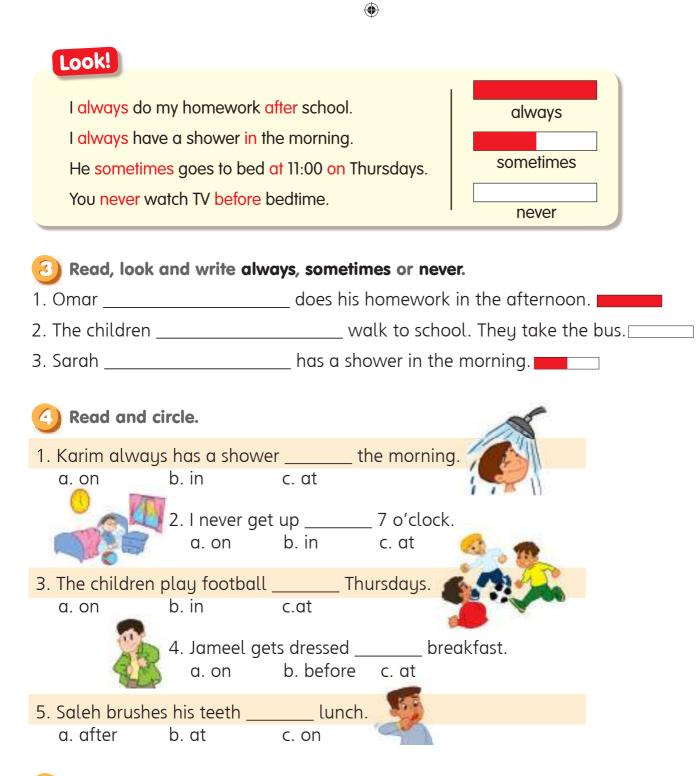
In the morning I get up. I always get up at five o'clock.

After school he has lunch. He never has lunch at three o'clock. He does his homework. He always has a shower. He sometimes plays football With Keith and Howard.



Read activity 1 and write T for True or F for False.

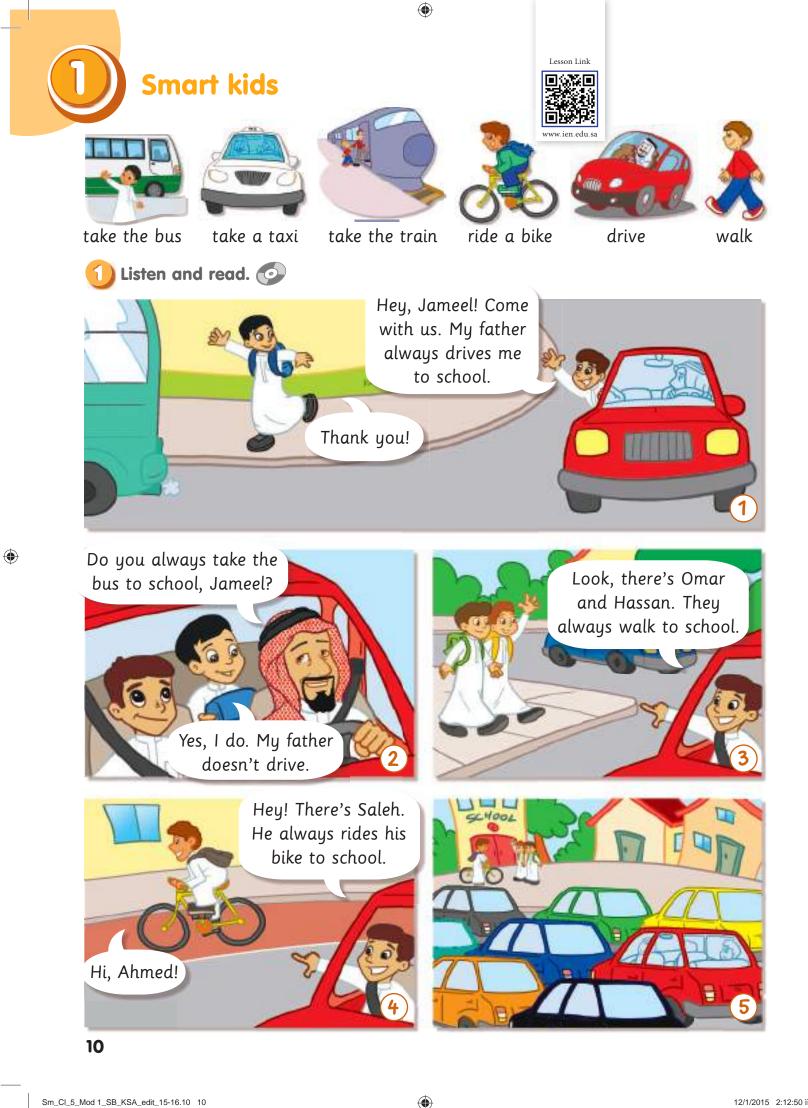
- 1. Ameer gets up at 5 o'clock in the morning.
- 2. Ameer never brushes his teeth.
- 3. Ameer goes to school with his friend, Howard.
- 4. Ameer never has lunch at 3 o'clock.
- 5. Ameer never has a shower.
- 6. Ameer sometimes plays football with his friends.

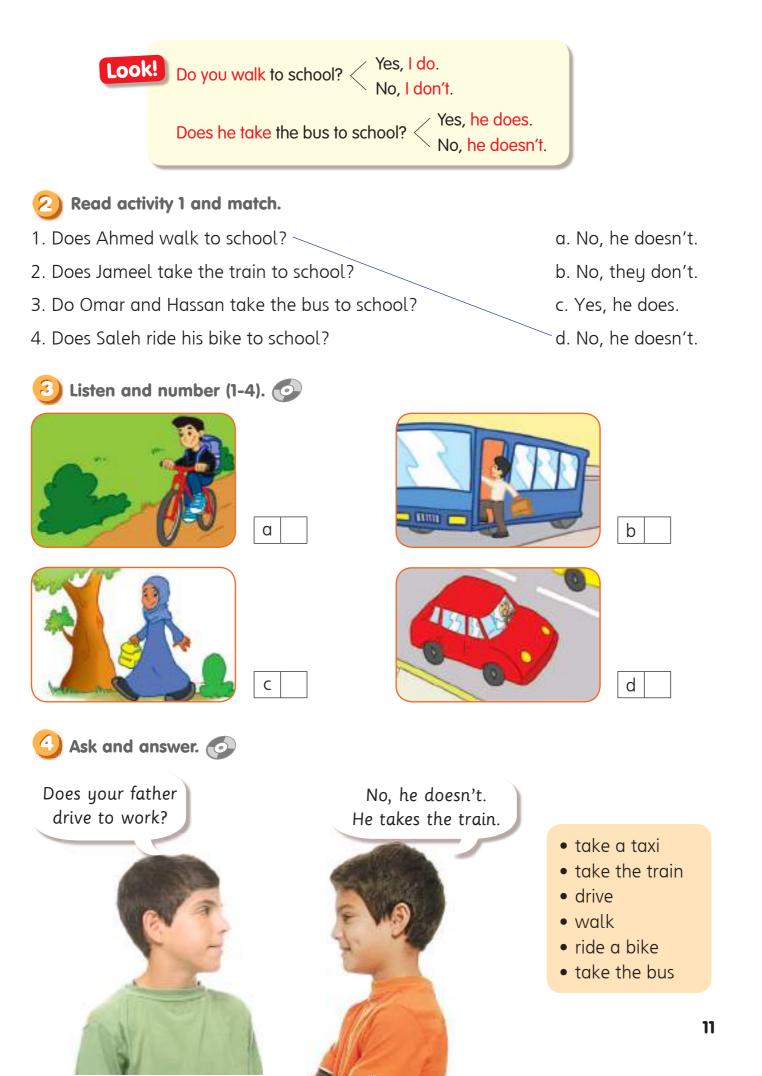


5 Play. 👩

I always get up at 5 o'clock. I sometimes play basketball after school. I never play football.

| Name | always | sometimes | never |
|------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Ali | gets up at 5 o'clock | plays basketball | plays football |
| 1. | | | |
| 2. | | | |
| 3. | | | |
| | | | 9 |





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Look! What do you do? I'm a firefighter. What does she do? She's a dentist.



| Tom saves people and animals. | Yes | No |
|---|-----|----|
| 2. Afaf puts out fires. | Yes | No |
| 3. Jim works in a hospital. | Yes | No |
| 4. Jim saves people. | Yes | No |
| 5. Afaf is a dentist. | Yes | No |

Read and write. Then look and number (1-6).

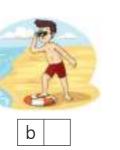
| | lifeguard | firefighters | doctor | dentist | chef | teachers |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------|---------|------|----------|
| 1. He works in a hospital. | | | 4. I save people. | | | |
| He | 's a d | octor | | l'm a _ | | |
| 2. She fixes teeth. | | | 5. He cooks in a restaurant. | | | |
| She | e's a | · | | He's a | | |

3. They put out fires. They're ___

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a b

What do you do?



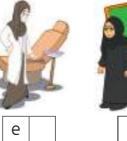
🕘 Draw. Then ask and answer. 🧔





We're ___

6. We work in a school.





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I'm a firefighter. I put out fires and save people.









Funny photo

Look at the photo Next to the phone. What is that? What is that? It is an elephant And an ant.

The girls laugh The girls laugh The elephant is not Very tough It's not very tough.



🕦 Listen and read. 📀

Story time

It's Careers Day at school. Salim's father is a dentist. He fixes people's teeth.

What do you do

I get up at five o'clock in the morning every day. I pray and have a shower. Then, I get dressed and I have breakfast. At six o'clock, I take the train to work.

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I want to be a dentist, too!

Adel's father is a firefighter. He puts out fires and saves people.

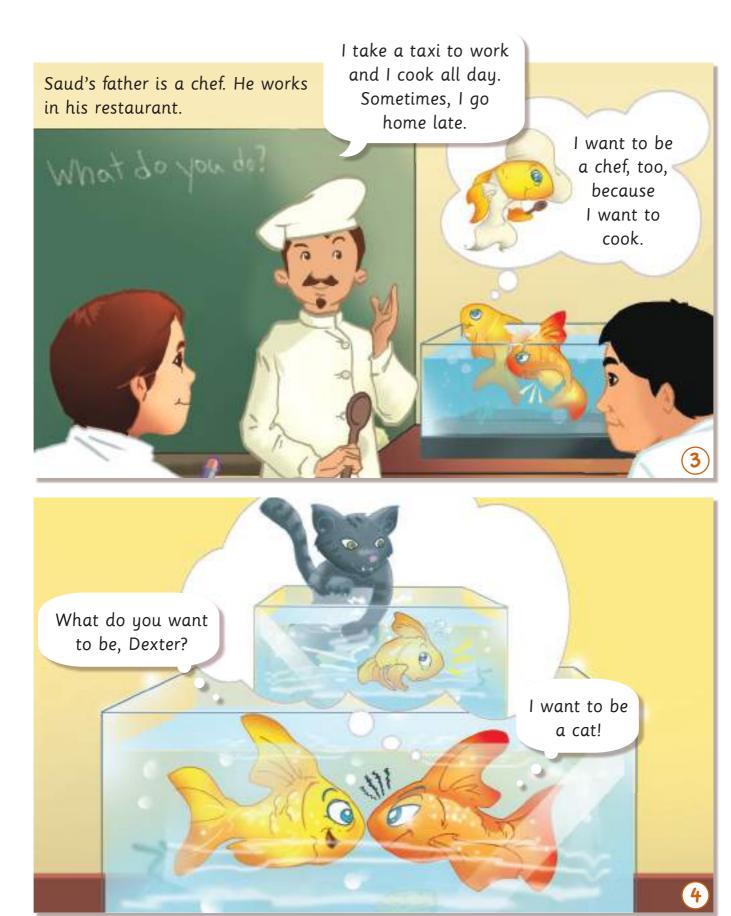
Whatd

I drive my car to work. Sometimes, I have breakfast, lunch and dinner at work!

Or... no... I want to be a firefighter because I want to put out fires.

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Listen and circle.





Yes No



Yes No



No Yes



Yes No



Yes No











Jameel is a farmer. He (1) _____ _____ (not save) people. He (2) _____ (have got) animals and (3) _____ (grow) fruit and vegetables. Afaf is a dentist. She (4) ______ (fix) people's teeth, but she (5) _____ (not work) in a hospital. Omar (6) ______ (fly) a plane. He's a pilot. Saud (7) _____ (put out) fires and

(8) _____ (save) people. He's a firefighter.

18

Read about Omar's day.

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Project

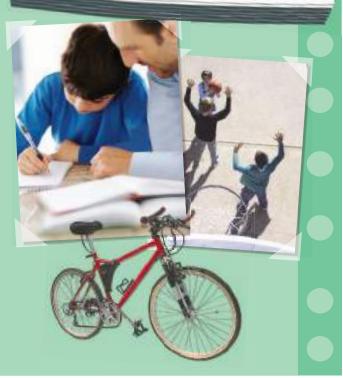
Му дау

I always get up at 5 o'clock in the morning. I have breakfast with my family. Then, I ride my bike to school. I do my homework after school. I sometimes play basketball. I love basketball! I always have a shower and I brush my teeth before bedtime.





Lesson Link



Writing tip All sentences start with a **CAPITAL** letter and finish with a **full stop** (.).

e.g. I have breakfast with my family.

Always use a *question mark* (?) at the end of a question. e.g. *What do you do in the morning*?

We use an **exclamation mark** (!) at the end of a sentence to show strong feelings.

e.g. I love basketball! Stop!

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SMart Time 1















Listen and read.

Different means of transport





- 1 A quad bike is a bike with four wheels. People in the KSA ride quad bikes in the desert. They usually go early in the morning because it's not very hot. The drivers wear a helmet.
- 2 A dhow is a traditional fishing boat of the Gulf. Dhows are slow but comfortable. People can have dinner on them or go on fishing trips.
- ³ People ride snowmobiles on snow. Snowmobiles haven't got wheels. They have got skis. They can go very fast. Snowmobile drivers wear a helmet. It is sometimes very cold on a snowmobile!

| 2 Read and tick (✓). | quad bike | dhow | snowmobile |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|------------|
| 1. It has got wheels. | | | |
| 2. You can have dinner on it. | | | |
| 3. It hasn't got wheels. | | | |
| 4. It's slow. | | | |
| 5. Drivers have to wear a helmet. | | | |





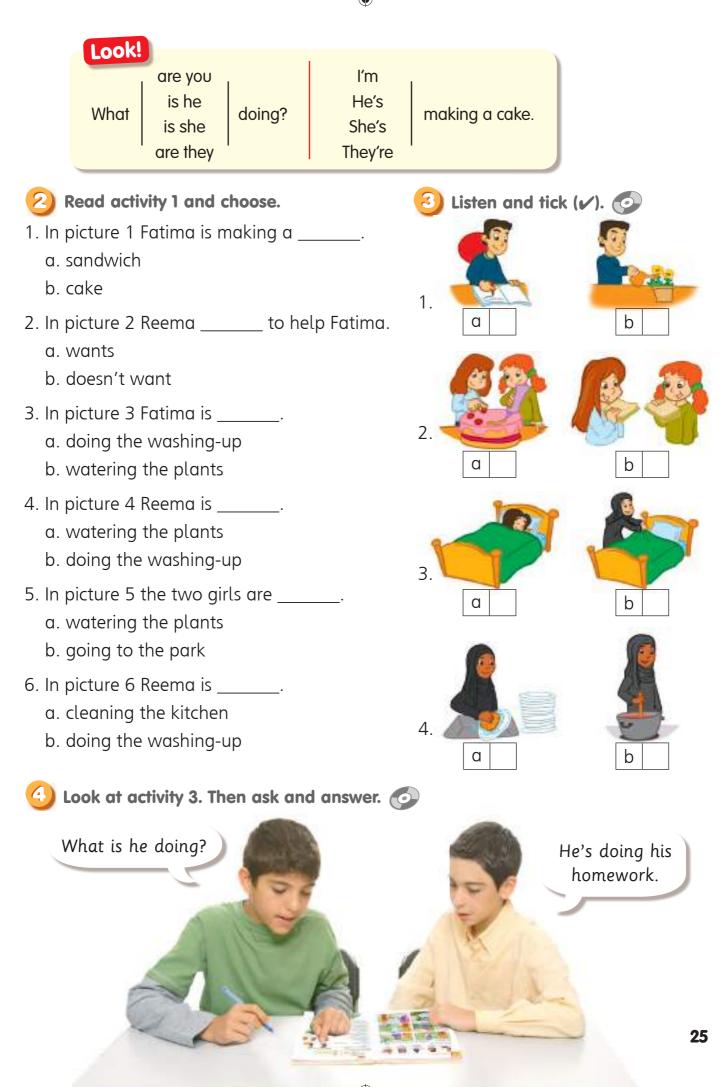
2 Read activity 1 and write T for True or F for False.

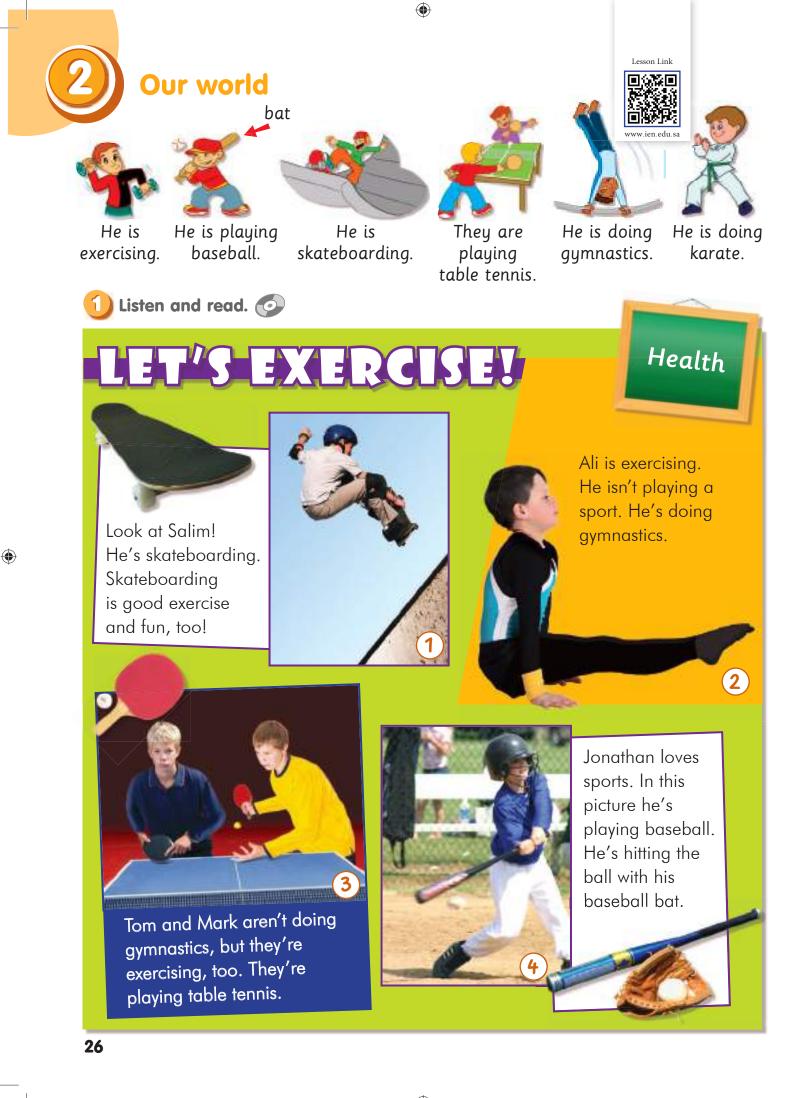
- 1. Jassim is kicking the ball.
- 2. Jassim and Saud are playing football.
- 3. Ali and Karim are playing tennis.
- 4. Ameer is kicking the ball.
- 5. Karim and Ameer are playing volleyball.

| Im Im <t< th=""></t<> |
|---|
| He's She's It's We're You're They'reHe's = He is She's = She is It's = It is We're = We are You're = Tou are They're = They are $run \rightarrow runningride \rightarrow ridingCook at what they are doing now and complete.I. Saleh(read) a book.4. The boys(run).1. Saleh(read) a book.2. Reema and Sarah(paint).5. Afaf(sleep).$ |
| 1. Saleh 4. The boys (read) a book. (run). 2. Reema and Sarah 5. Afaf (paint). (sleep). |
| (read) a book. (run). 2. Reema and Sarah (paint). 5. Afaf (sleep). |
| (paint). (sleep). |
| . I 6. We |
| (fix) my car. (cook) and you |
| (eat). |
| They're playing tennis. |
| 23 |
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| Look! | l'm not She isn't They aren't | skateboarding. | l'm not = l am not She isn't = She is not They aren't = They are not | |
|---|--|-----------------------------|--|------|
| 2 Read activ | ity 1 and circl | e. | | |
| 1. Salim is / isn' 2. Salim is / isn' 3. Jonathan is / 4. Ali is / isn't d | ' t exercising. ' isn't kicking | 6. Tom the ball. 7. Jona | and Mark are / aren't exercising and Mark are / aren't playing a s ithan is / isn't playing baseball. | |
| 3 Listen and | number (1-5) | . 🧿 | | |
| 1. Dan and | John 2. Amı | mar and Salim 3. H | lassan 4. Saud 5. Robbie and | Jim |
| a | | c C | | |
| Look at ac | tivity 3 and so | | Dan and John are skateboarding. The playing volleybal | y're |







A big bee

This is my teacher Under the tree. Look! Look! He's reading a book!

This is my teacher Under the tree. He's reading a book. Oh, look, a big bee!



Abdullah is going to get the ball. He's looking in the plants. Mr Ameer is watering his plants. Oh, no! It's raining.

Oh! Sorry, Abdullah! It isn't raining. I'm watering the plants. What are you doing?

Is that it, over there?

I'm looking for my ball.

Yes, it is.









1. Which is Khaled?

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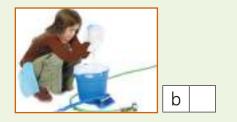
2. Which is Jane?

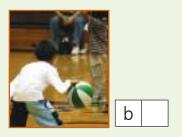


3. Which is Ted?















Smart Time 2

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The Jeddah Marathon



Every year, over 6,000 people from all over the country go to Jeddah. Why? They run in the Jeddah Marathon. There are three races: a special needs race, a race for boys under 18 and the main race. The Jeddah Marathon is great! race



The London Marathon

Every spring, in April, over 35,000 people from all over the world go to London. Why? They run in the London Marathon. People over 18 years old can run in the Marathon. There is also a Mini Marathon. It is the last three miles of the London Marathon and it is for ages 11-17.

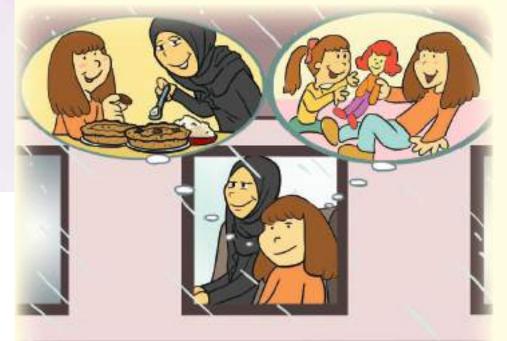
Write J for Jeddah Marathon or L for London Marathon.

- 1. There are three races in this Marathon.
- 2. You must be over 18 to run in this Marathon.
- 3. There is a marathon for ages 11-17.
- 4. There is a race only for boys under 18.





Listen and chant. 👩



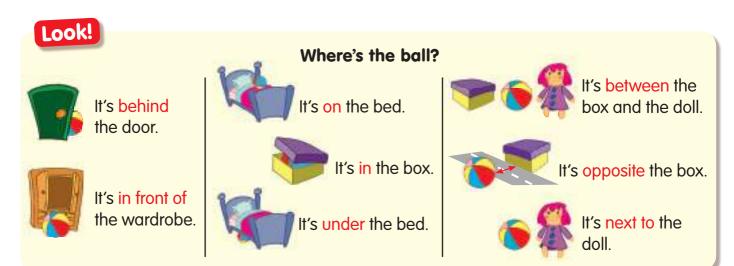
On the train

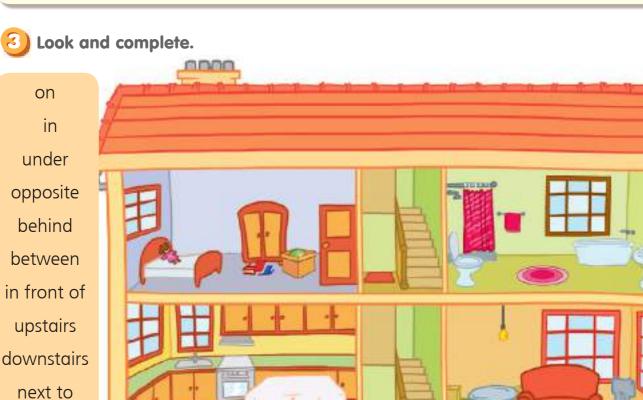
We are on the train Look at the rain Look at the rain!

I want to go home And make two pies One with dates And one with rice!

I want to go home And play with my sister, Fay Play, play all day!







- 1. The bedroom is ______ and the kitchen is _____
- 2. The doll is ______the bed.
- 3. The books are ______ the wardrobe.
- 4. The cat is _____ the box.
- 5. The bag is ______ the table.
- 6. The car is ______ the bag.
- 7. The bed is ______ the door.
- 8. The sofa is ______ the chair and the table.
- 9. The ball is ______ the box.

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At night, this room is the bedroom. They make beds on the mats.

Look!

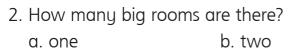
There is one big room. There are a lot of paper doors. Is there a garden? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't. Are there cushions? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't. There isn't a garden. There aren't cushions.

2) Read activity 1 and answer the questions about the traditional Japanese house.

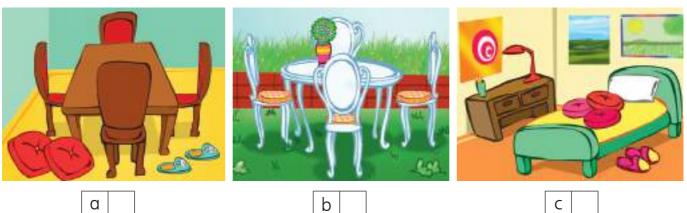
- What do people wear inside?
 a. shoes
 b. slippers
- 3. Where do people sit?

a. on cushions

- b. on chairs
- 4. Where do people sleep?
 - a. on the table b. on mats



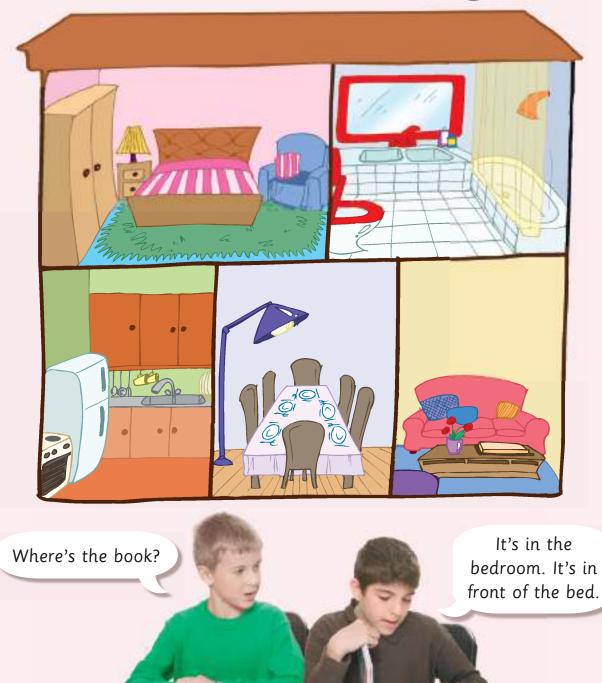








🔵 Listen and read. Then play. Use the cut-outs on page 141. 📀



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42

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Out the window

Look out the window. Look out the window. What can you see?

A white goat With a blue coat Is in a yellow boat. Look at the goat!



Lesson Link

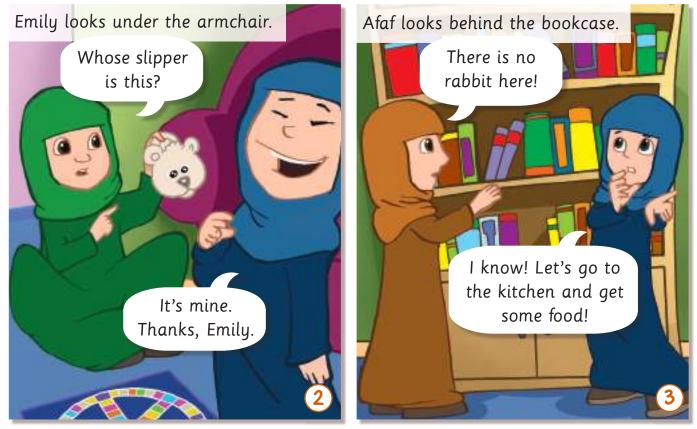
🕖 Listen and read. 🧔

It's Friday night. Emily, Kelly and Afaf are at Kelly's house. Kelly's mother is upstairs watching TV and the children are in the living room. They're eating dates, crisps and sweets and they are playing board games.

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the rabbi





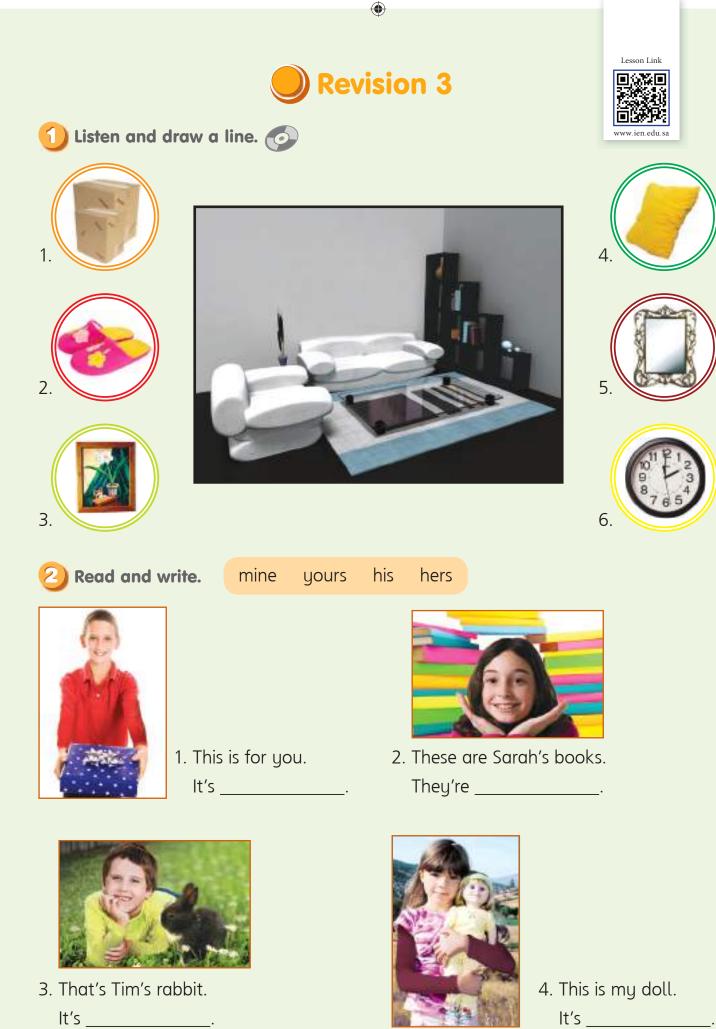
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The children run to the living room, but there is no rabbit there. Kelly's mother is in the living room.





lt's _____.

Project

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Read the text. What is it about? 📀

My house

I live in a big house. The kitchen, the living room and the bathroom are downstairs. There are three bedrooms upstairs. My favourite room is my bedroom. It has got white walls. There are three flowers on the wall. There's a big, yellow lamp on my desk. There's a big window next to my bed. I love my bedroom!



Writing tip

Adjectives go before nouns.

Order of adjectives: **size + colour + noun** e.g. *There's a big, yellow lamp on my desk.*

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47







Al-Murabba Palace is in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. It's very big, with two floors. Upstairs, there is King Abdul-Aziz's office. Al-Murabba Palace is open from 9am to 12pm and 2pm to 9pm from Sunday to Friday.

Buckingham Palace is the Queen's home in London, England. The palace is very big with five floors. There are 600 rooms, 78 bathrooms and a swimming pool. Every year in August and September people can visit some rooms in the palace. They are open from 9:30 to 16:30.



Read and write A for Al-Murabba Palace or B for Buckingham Palace.

- 1. There are five floors.
- 2. The King's office is upstairs.

- 3. It's open six days a week.
- 4. It's open only in August and September.



Listen and chant. 👩

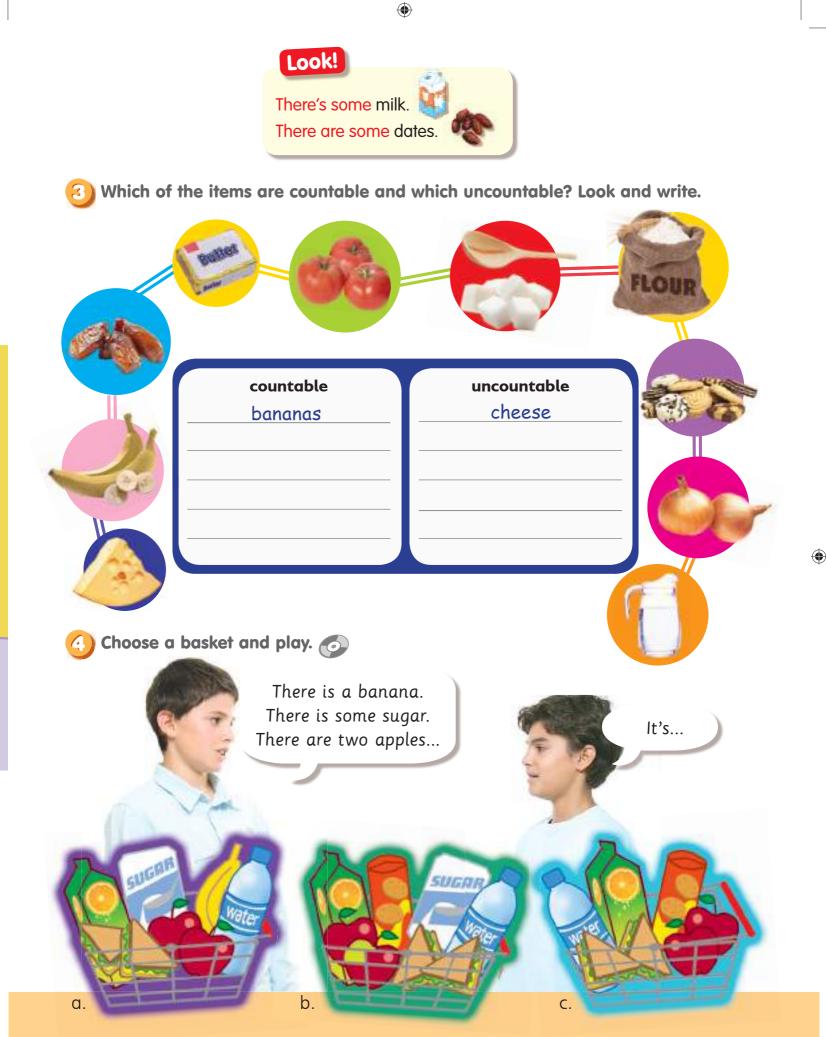


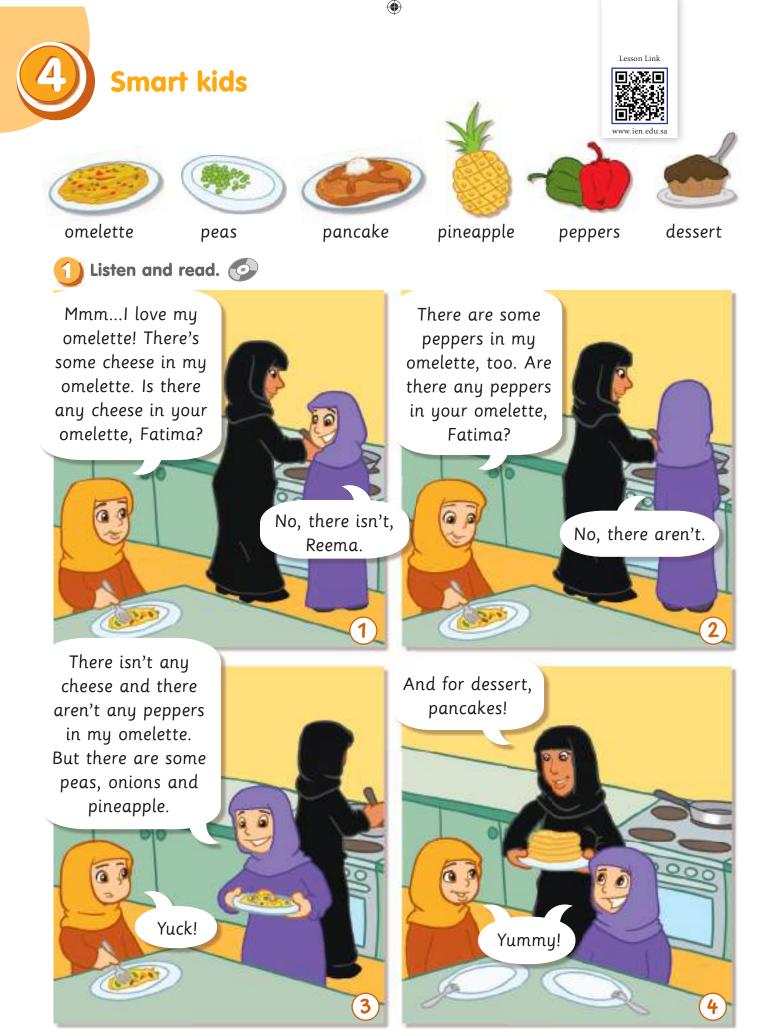
Come in the house

Every morning The boys go out. They feed the brown cow. They play and shout. They play and shout.

Come in the house, boys. And play with your toys. Boys, sit down. Don't go out and don't shout! 

12/1/2015 2:21:15 ìì





Look!

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Is there any cheese? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't. Are there any peppers? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.

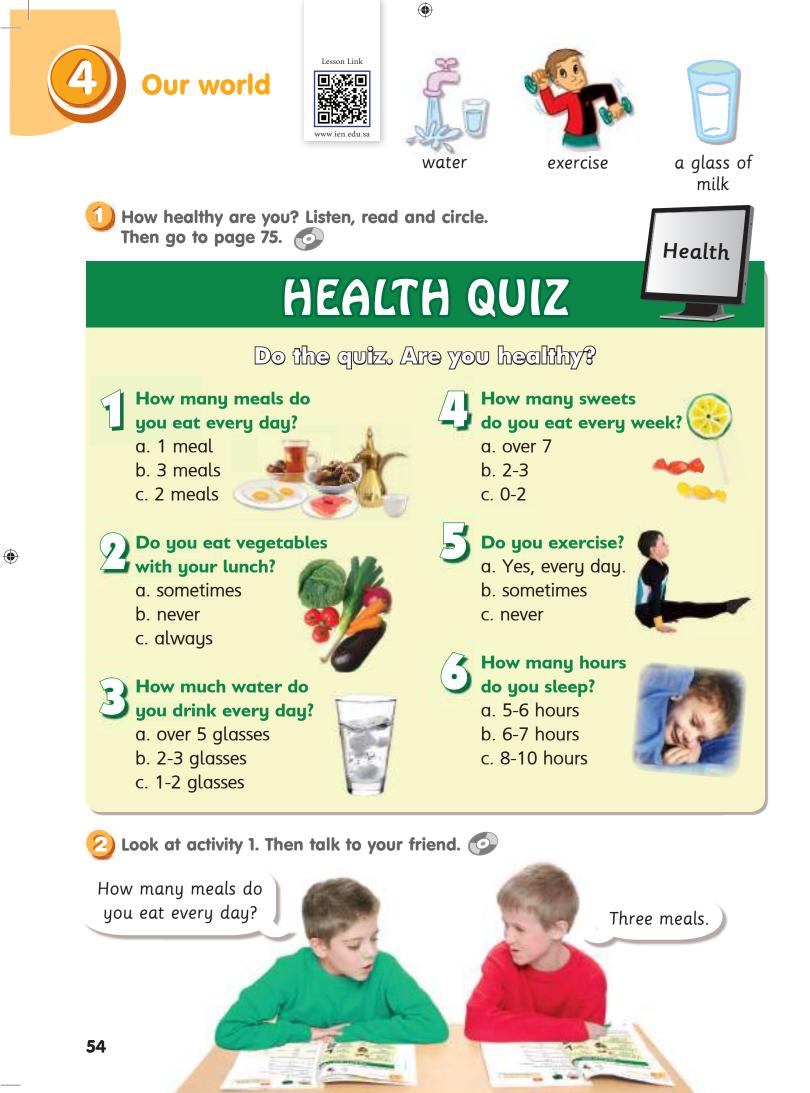
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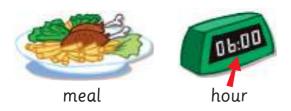
What do the children have in their omelettes? Write R for Reema and F for Fatima.

| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|-----------|-----------|----|--------|
| 3 Listen and tie | ck (🗸). 🧿 | | | N. |
| and the second se | íes | 2. Yes No | 3. | Yes No |
| and the second | ies | 5. S. | 6. | Yes No |

Choose and tick (\checkmark) what you want in your omelette. Then ask and answer.

| cheese tomatoes onions potatoes chicken peppers milk | Is there any cheese in your omelette? Yes, there is. |
|--|--|
| 5_Mod 4_SB_KSA_edit_15-16.53 53 | 12/1/2015 2:21:30 |







How many meals do you eat every day? How much water do you drink every day?

🗿 Listen and choose. 📀

1. How much milk does Sahar drink every day?

a. one glass b. two glasses c. three glasses

- 2. How many oranges does Sahar eat every day?
 - a. two b. three c. five
- 3. How many hours does Sahar exercise every week?
 - a. four b. ten c. fifteen
- 4. How many hours does Sahar sleep every night?
 - a. ten b. nine c. eight

🕘 Are your friends healthy? Ask and answer. 🧔

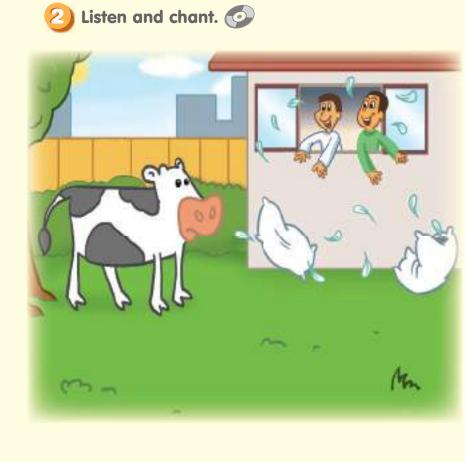
| How much How many | milk lemonade dates sweets water hours | do you | eat drink sleep exercise | every day? |
|----------------------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|------------|
|----------------------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|------------|

How much milk do you drink every day?

I drink two glasses of milk every day.







In the town of Small Bay

In the town of Small Bay It's a sunny day. A cow is near the tree What does it see?

In the town of Small Bay Two boys are playing They're throwing pillows Out of the windows

Every day they play, play, play In the town of Small Bay.



This month Reema wins the cooking competition. Sahar is sad. Her food is always bad.



That evening at home Sahar tells her mother about the competition.



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Today is the cooking competition.

Sahar, you've got some flour, some butter, some sugar, some milk, some dates and some eggs. What are you making?



Mrs Al Saleh is tasting the food. Afaf's chocolate pancakes are very good. And Reema's chocolate biscuits are great, too. And now it's Sahar's turn.

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Revision 4

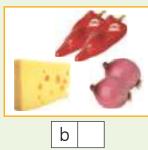
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1) Listen and tick (🖍). 👩

1. What's on Saud's pizza?





2. What's in Afaf's sandwich?



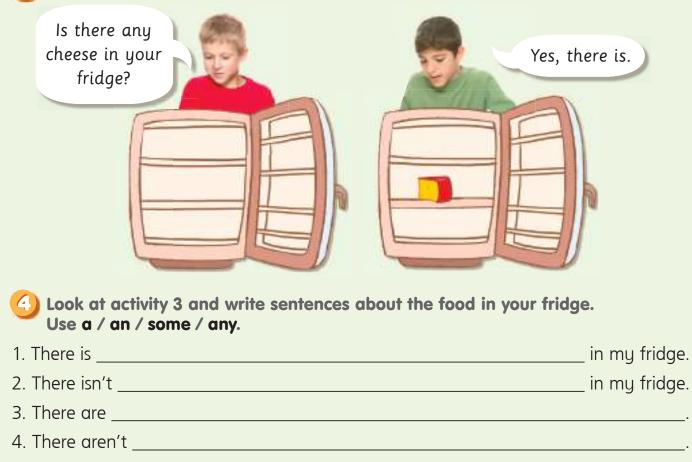
2 Match.

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- 1. What would you like to eat?
- 2. What would you like to drink?
- 3. Would you like some dessert?
- 4. How many peppers are there?
- 5. How much milk is there?

- a. Ten.
- b. I'd like an omelette, please.
- c. I'd like some water, please.
- d. A glass.
- e. No, thanks.

Draw some food in the fridge. Then ask and answer.



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🕖 Read about Ameer's favourite food. 📀

ECIPE

My favourite food

I love pizza. It's my favourite food. There isn't any cheese or tomato on my pizza. There aren't any onions or peppers. There is some chocolate, some ice cream, and some pineapple. There are some chocolate biscuits, too. It's delicious!

Writing tip

We use too to add something else to what we have said.

Too usually goes at the end of a sentence.

There is some ice cream and some pineapple. There are some biscuits, **too**.

61



cardamom

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noodles



meat pie



Listen and read.

cinnamon

Saliq comes from the KSA. It's meat with rice and milk. There are some peppers and onions in it. There's some cinnamon and cardamom, too. It's delicious!

spinach

Fatayer comes from the Middle Fast. It's meat pie with spinach. Sometimes there's cheese in it, too.

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Noodles come from China. You can eat noodles with meat and vegetables. You can eat them in soup, too. They're yummy!









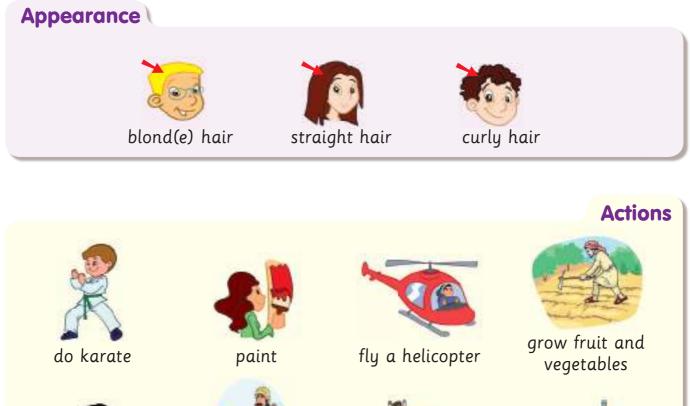


3.



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take pictures



put out fires



save people





64





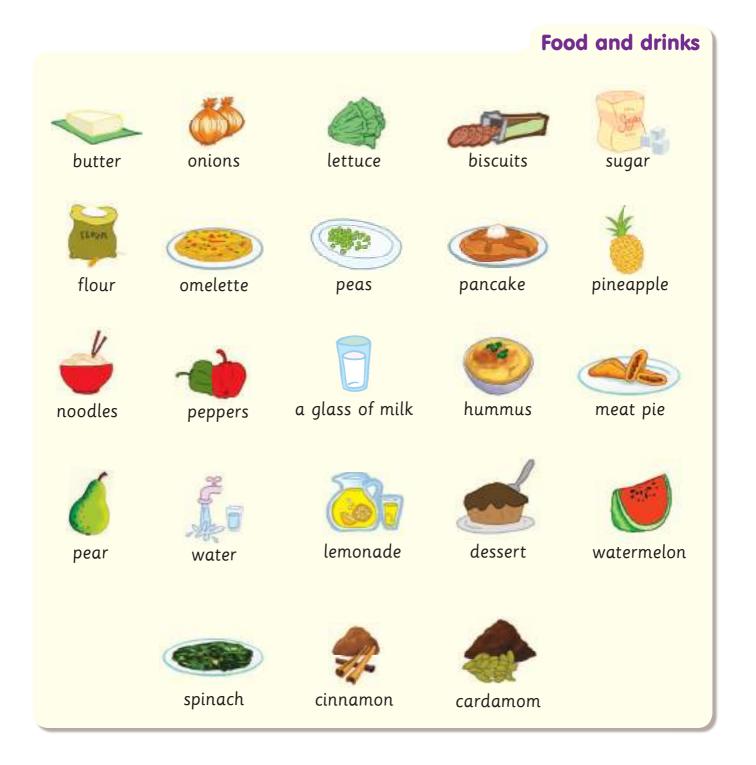




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Picture Dictionary

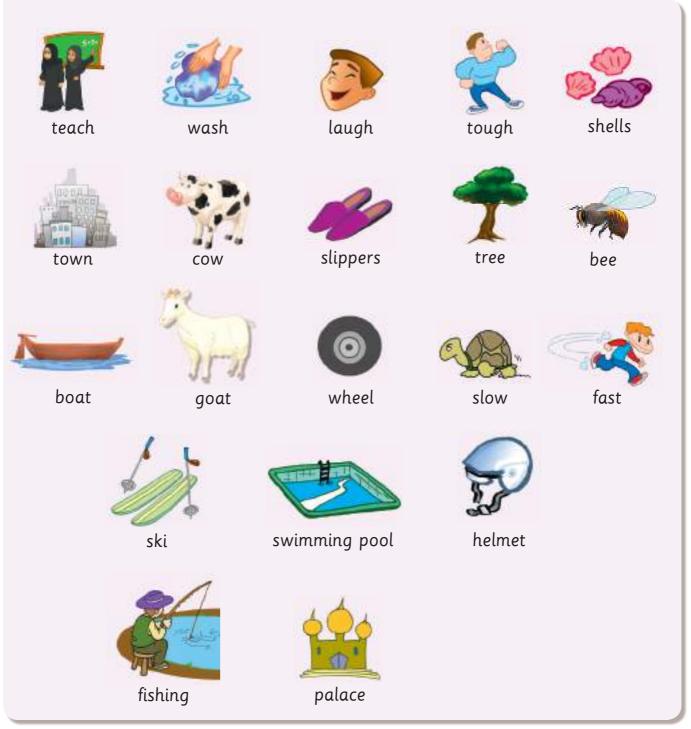




Picture Victionary

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Various



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Grammar reference

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fello

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| The verb 'to be' | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Affirmative | | Ne | gative | Questions | Short answers |
| Full forms | Short forms | Full forms | Short forms | | |
| l am | ľm | l am not | l'm not | Am I? | Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. |
| You are | You're | You are not | You aren't | Are you? | Yes, I am. No, I'm not. |
| He is | He's | He is not | He isn't | ls he? | Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. |
| She is | She's | She is not | She isn't | Is she? | Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. |
| lt is | lťs | It is not | lt isn't | ls it? | Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. |
| We are | We're | We are not | We aren't | Are we? | Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. |
| You are | You're | You are not | You aren't | Are you? | Yes, we are. / No, we aren't. |
| They are | They're | They are not | They aren't | Are they? | Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. |

| The verb 'have got' | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Affirmo | ıtive | Neg | Jative | Questions | Short answers |
| Full forms | Short forms | Full forms | Short forms | | |
| I have got | I've got | I have not got | I haven't got | Have I got? | Yes, you have. / No, you haven't. |
| You have got | You've got | You have not got | You haven't got | Have you got? | Yes, I have. / No, I haven't. |
| He has got | He's got | He has not got | He hasn't got | Has he got? | Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't. |
| She has got | She's got | She has not got | She hasn't got | Has she got? | Yes, she has. / No, she hasn't. |
| It has got | It's got | It has not got | It hasn't got | Has it got? | Yes, it has. / No, it hasn't. |
| We have got | We've got | We have not got | We haven't got | Have we got? | Yes, you have. / No, you haven't. |
| You have got | You've got | You have not got | You haven't got | Have you got? | Yes, we have. / No, we haven't. |
| They have got | They've got | They have not got | They haven't got | Have they got? | Yes, they have. / No, they haven't. |

We use have got to express possession, e.g. I have got ten shells.

| Subject Personal pronouns | I / you / he / she / it / we / you/ they |
|---------------------------|--|
| Possessive adjectives | my / your / his / her / its / our / your / their |

- **Subject personal pronouns** are used as subjects and go before the verb. *Look at that girl. She's beautiful!*
- **Possessive adjectives** always go before nouns and do not take articles before them. *Her hat is green.*

| The verb 'can' | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Affirmative | Nega | tive | Questions | Short Answers | |
| | Full forms | Short forms | | | |
| l can run. You can run. He can run. She can run. It can run. We can run. You can run. They can run. | I cannot run. You cannot run. He cannot run. She cannot run. It cannot run. We cannot run. You cannot run. They cannot run. | I can't run. You can't run. He can't run. She can't run. It can't run. We can't run. You can't run. They can't run. | Can I run? Can you run? Can he run? Can she run? Can it run? Can we run? Can you run? Can they run? | Yes, you can. / No, you can't. Yes, I can. / No, I can't. Yes, he can. / No, he can't. Yes, she can. / No, she can't. Yes, it can. / No, it can't. Yes, you can. / No, you can't. Yes, we can. / No, we can't. Yes, they can. / No, they can't. | We use can to express ability, e.g. <i>I can swim.</i> We use can't to express lack of ability, e.g. <i>I can't paint.</i> |

69

D Every day

| Present Simple | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Affirmative | Nego | ıtive | |
| | Full forms | Short forms | |
| I play. | I do not play. | l don't play. | |
| You play. | You do not play. | You don't play. | |
| He plays. | He does not play. | He doesn't play. | |
| She plays. | She does not play. | She doesn't play. | |
| It plays. | It does not play. | It doesn't play. | |
| We play. | We do not play. | We don't play. | |
| You play. | You do not play. | You don't play. | |
| They play. | They do not play. | They don't play. | |

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| Present Simple | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Short Answers | | | |
| Yes, you do. / No, you don't. | | | |
| Yes, I do. / No, I don't. | | | |
| Yes, he / she / it does. / No, he / she / it doesn't. | | | |
| Yes, you do. / No, you don't. | | | |
| Yes, we do. / No, we don't. | | | |
| Yes, they do. / No, they don't. | | | |
| | | | |

Present Simple (days, months and seasons)

| On + day | e.g. I have karate on Monday. |
|------------------------|---|
| In + month | e.g. I have a volleyball match in May. |
| In + the season | e.g. I go swimming in the summer. |

| ime Expressions | on Monday / Tues | day, etc. fternoon / evening, etc. | every day / Monday, etc. at the weekend / at 8:00, etc. | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|------|
| | always | sometimes | ne | ever |
| l always brush in the mor | , | She sometimes goes to bed at 10:00. | They never get on Frido | • |

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| Present Progressive | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Affirmative | | Nego | ative | |
| Full forms | Short forms | Full forms | Short forms | |
| I am playing. You are playing. He is playing. She is playing. It is playing. We are playing. You are playing. They are playing. | l'm playing. You're playing. He's playing. She's playing. It's playing. We're playing. You're playing. They're playing. | I am not playing. You are not playing. He is not playing. She is not playing. It is not playing. We are not playing. You are not playing. They are not playing. | I'm not playing. You aren't playing. He isn't playing. She isn't playing. It isn't playing. We aren't playing. You aren't playing. They aren't playing. | |

| Present Progressive | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Questions | Short Answers | | | | |
| Am I playing? Are you playing? Is he playing? Is she playing? Is it playing? Are we playing? Are you playing? Are they playing? | Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Yes, we are. / No, we aren't. Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. | | | | |

| | rid e | → | rid ing | swi <mark>m</mark> | → | swim <mark>ming</mark> | | |
|---|--------------|---|----------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| We use the Present Progressive for actions that are happening now , at the moment of speaking. e.g. <i>I'm playing basketball now.</i> | | | | | | | | |

3 My new house

| | Where's / are? Prepositions of Place | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Where's the rabbit? | It's behind the door. | | |
| | Where are the bags? | They're in front of the bookcase. | | |
| | Where are the bedrooms? | They're downstairs . | | |
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| | | Possessive Case | |
|---------------------------|---------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Whose hat is this? | \rightarrow | It's Penny 's (hat). | Penny 's hat is blue. |
| Whose trainers are these? | \rightarrow | They're John 's (trainers). | John 's trainers are green. |

| Subject Personal pronouns | Possessive adjectives | Possessive pronouns |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| I | my | mine |
| уои | your | yours |
| he | his | his |
| she | her | hers |
| it | its | - |
| we | our | ours |
| уои | your | yours |
| they | their | theirs |

- **Subject personal pronouns** are used as subjects and go before the verb. *Look at that girl. She's beautiful!*
- **Possessive adjectives** always go before nouns and do not take articles before them. *Her hat is green.*
- **Possessive pronouns** replace possessive adjectives + noun, so they are never followed by nouns. They can be used as short answers to questions starting with **whose**.

Your bag is brown, but mine is black. That cat is hers.

Whose ball is this? It's Bill's. It's his.

A/An - The

- We use a/an when we refer to non-specific nouns.
 There is a mosque in my town. There is an apple in my bag.
- We use **the** when we refer to specific nouns. The school is between **the** library and **the** toy shop.

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4) Food, pleasel

a / an / some



We use **a/an** with singular countable nouns, e.g. *a tomato, an onion.* We use **some** with plural countable nouns, e.g. *some apples.* We use **some** with uncountable nouns, e.g. *some water.*

| COUNTABLE NOUNS | UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| pepper | sugar |
| tomato | flour |
| banana | milk |
| date | water |
| biscuit | butter |
| sandwich | soup |
| onion, etc. | cheese, etc. |

some / any

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We use **some** and **any** with plural countable nouns and with uncountable nouns. We use **some** in affirmative sentences. We use **any** in questions and negative sentences.

| There are some eggs in the cake | • |
|--|---|
| There is <mark>some</mark> milk in the cake. | |

Are there any eggs in the cake? Is there any milk in the cake?

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There aren't any eggs in the cake. There isn't any milk in the cake.

We use **some** in questions when offering or requesting something that is there. Would you like **some** milk? Can I have **some** water, please?

Let's

We use Let's + the base form of the verb to suggest something.

Let's make a sandwich.



How much? / How many?

We use **How much** with uncountable nouns. We use **How many** with plural countable nouns. In order to count uncountable things like water / milk, etc, we use containers such as *a glass of*.

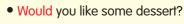
How much milk is there on the table? Two glasses of milk. How many peppers are there on the table? Five.



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Would like

- What would you like to eat?
- I'd like an omelette, please.
- What would you like to drink?
- I'd like some lemonade, please.



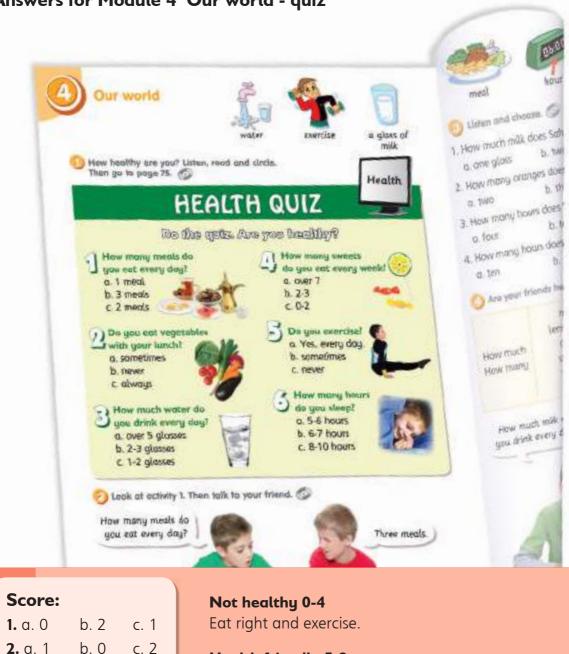
• Yes, please. / No, thanks.

I'd like = I would like



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• Answers for Module 4 Our world - quiz

Health friendly 5-8 You're healthy, but you can do more.

Healthy and fit 9-12 You're very healthy.

3. a. 2

4. a. 0

5. a. 2

6. a. 0

с. 0

c. 2

с. 0

c. 2

b. 1

b. 1

b. 1

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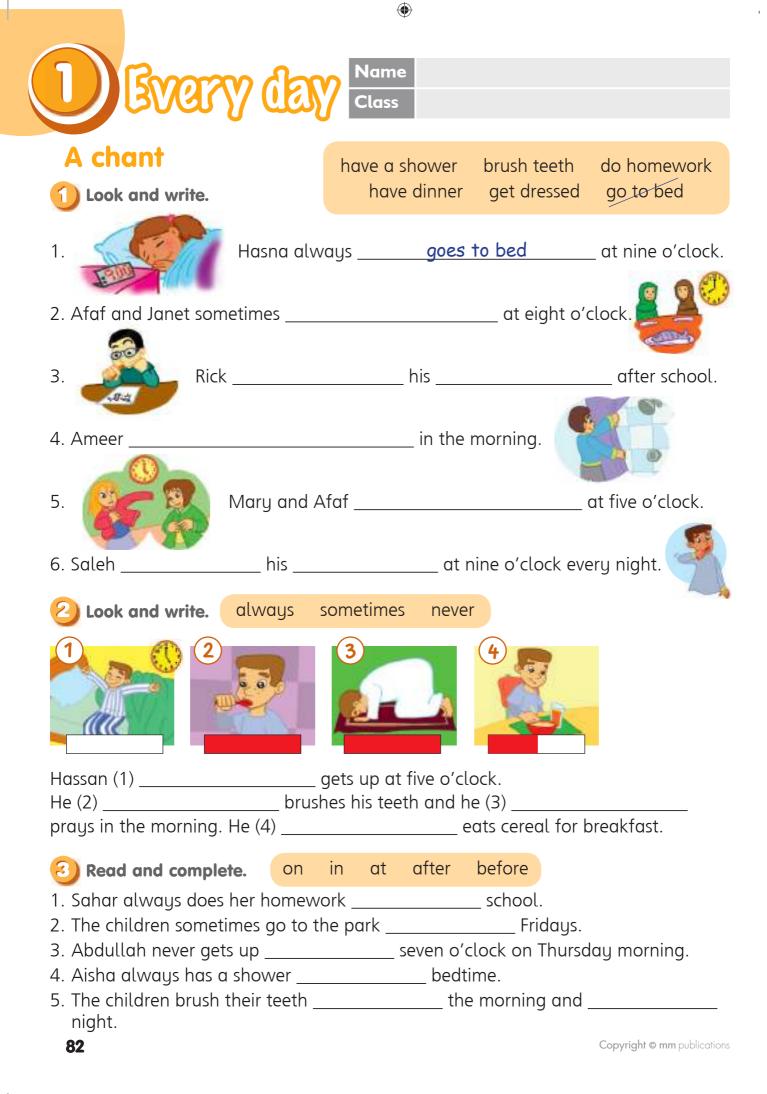
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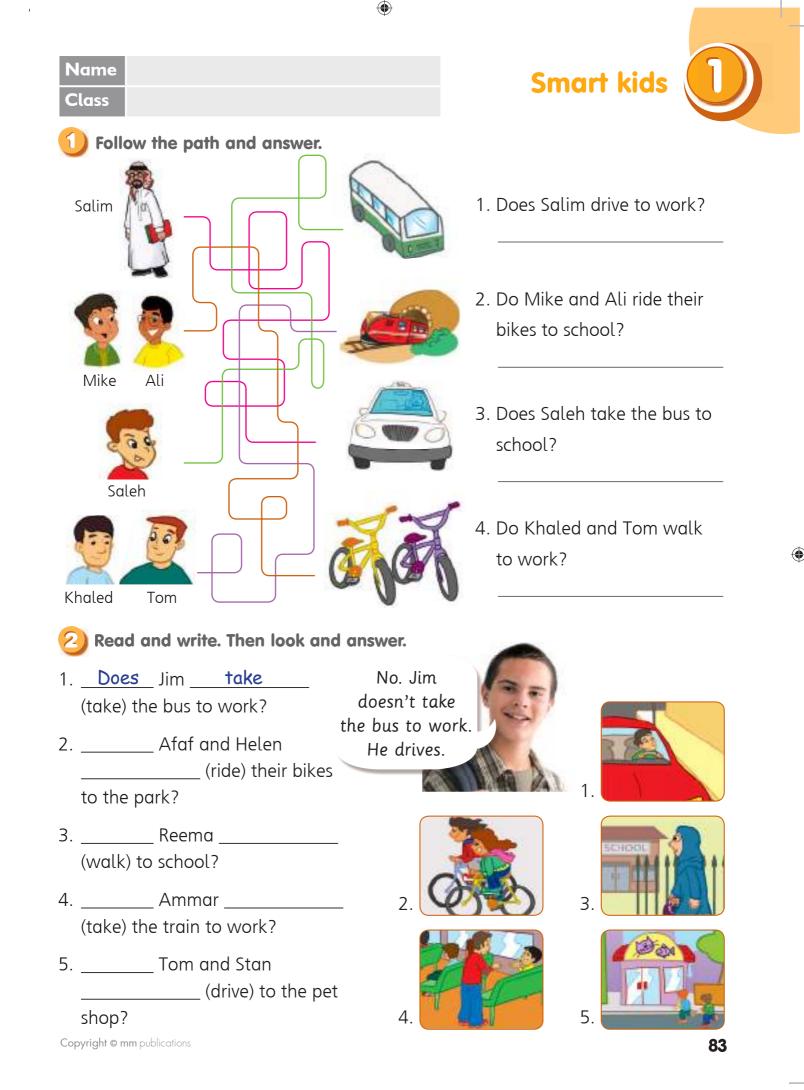
7/6 معارف ومهارات اللغة الإنجليزية للصف السادس الابتدائي

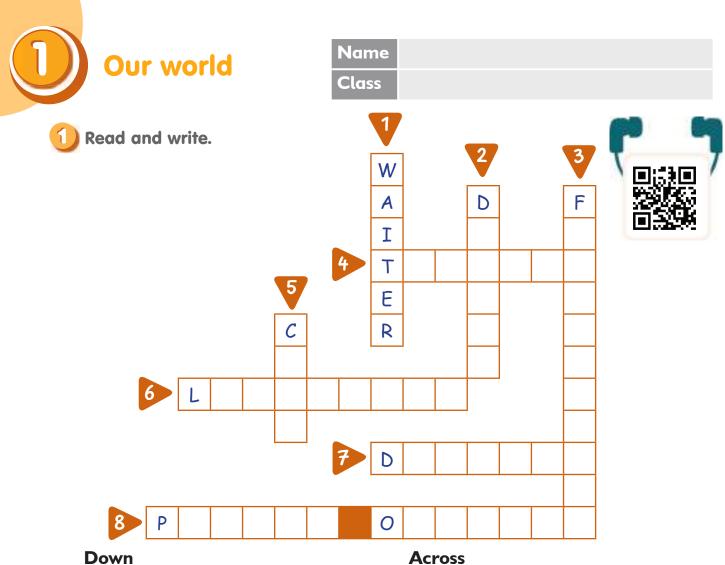
| الحد | | | | Sess | ة ion | الفتر | الرمز |
|--------|--|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| الأدنى | By | the end of grade six students will be able to: | لأولى | الثانية | الثالثة | الرابعة | Code |
| | | December and much the concernent council (4), (al. (4) as in the bately she (4) as in the state) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th | |
| × | ŀ | Recognise and produce the consonant sound /f/: (ph /f/ as in "photo", gh /f/ as in "laugh"). Recognise and differentiate between the endings of third person singular Present Simple: (/s/ as in "walks", /z/ as | N | | | | 1/7/6 |
| × | | in "read s " , /ɪz/ as in "teach es "). | \checkmark | | | | 2/7/6 |
| × | | Recognise and produce long vowels: ea /i:/ as in "teacher", ee /i:/ as in "tree", /aɪ/ as in "rice", /aɪ/ as in "pie", /eɪ/ as in "play", /eɪ/ as in "train"). | \checkmark | | | | 3/7/6 |
| | | Recognise and produce some English digraphs (oa /əu/ as in "goat" and ow /əu/ as in "yellow", ou /au/ as in | | | | | |
| × | | "mouth" and ow /au/ as in "brown" ow /au/ as in "window" and ow /au/ as in "town", /ea/ ere as in "where", air as in "hair" and ear as in "wear"). | | \checkmark | | | 4/7/6 |
| × | ŀ | Recognise and produce some English digraphs (/ɔɪ/ as in " oi l" and "toy"). | | | | | 5/7/6 |
| × | ŀ | Recognise and produce long vowels and the schwa sound: ($/\alpha$:/ as in "car", $/\infty$:/ as in forty", $/\partial$ / as in "brother"). | | | 1 | | 6/7/6 |
| × | ŀ | Recognise and produce long vowels and the serior sound. (<i>i</i> (<i>i</i> , <i>i</i> is in 'ear, <i>i</i> , <i>i</i> , <i>i</i> is in 'bry', <i>i</i> , <i>i</i> is in 'brune'). Recognise and produce long vowels: (<i>i</i> <i>i</i> :/ as in 'huge'' and as in 'barbecue'', /s:/ as in 'purse'' and as in 'bird''). | | | V V | | 7/7/6 |
| | | Recognise and produce consonant endings: (/nk/ as in "bank", /n/ as in "spring", /k/ as in "clock", /nd/ as in | | | N | | 11110 |
| | | "sand", /nt/ as in "tent"). | | | | | 8/7/6 |
| | | Recognise and produce the consonant blend: (/sk/ as in "skate, scarf and square "). | | | | | 9/7/6 |
| × | _ | Recognise the silent <i>gh</i> as in "night" and the silent <i>k</i> as in "knee". | | | | | 10/7/6 |
| × | king | Ask questions using What, Who, Where, Why, Whose. | | \checkmark | | | 11/7/6 |
| × | Speaking | Identify countable and uncountable nouns (some - any) and ask and answer about quantity using <i>How much</i> and <i>How many</i> . | | \checkmark | | | 12/7/6 |
| × | ng and | Identify and talk about family and friends using the verb to be (Affirmative, Negative, Questions, Short Answers), the verb to have and possessive adjectives, can/can't | | | | | 13/7/6 |
| × | Listening | Tell the time (o' clock, half past, a quarter to, a quarter past). | | | | | 14/7/6 |
| × | List | Talk about everyday activities using the Present Simple (Affirmative – Questions – Short answers – Negative) and adverbs of frequency (always, sometimes, never). | | | | | 15/7/6 |
| × | ŀ | Talk about occupations. | | | | | 16/7/6 |
| | ŀ | Talk about activities happening at the moment of speaking using the Present Progressive (Affirmative – Negative | | | | | |
| × | | – Questions – Short answers). | | | | | 17/7/6 |
| × | | Talk about sports and household chores. | | | | | 18/7/6 |
| × | | Describe location (on, in, under, next to, between, opposite, in front of, behind). | | | | | 19/7/6 |
| × | | Talk about possession using possessive pronouns (mine, yours, his, hers), <i>Whose</i> and the Possessive Case ('s). Talk about different items in a house using <i>There is / There are.</i> | | | | | 20/7/6 |
| × | ŀ | Identify and talk about food. | | $\sqrt{1}$ | | | 21/7/6 22/7/6 |
| | ŀ | Order at a restaurant using I'd like. | | | | | 23/7/6 |
| | ł | Give directions. | | | | | 24/7/6 |
| × | ŀ | Talk about rules using the imperative. | | | | | 25/7/6 |
| | | Use subject and object personal pronouns (I, you, he, etc. / me, you, him, etc.). | | | | | 26/7/6 |
| × | | Identify places in a town using the Past Simple of the verb to be. | | | | | 27/7/6 |
| × | | Talk about the different times of the day (in the afternoon, in the evening). | , | | V | | 28/7/6 |
| | | Use prepositions of time (in, on, before, at, after). | N | | | | 29/7/6 |
| × | | Talk about the past and describe past experiences using the Past Simple of the verb to be and There was / There were / There wasn't / There weren't. | | | \checkmark | | 30/7/6 |
| | | Talk about past activities and events (Past Simple of regular and irregular verbs). | | | | 1 | 31/7/6 |
| | | Make comparisons, e.g. people, animals, using the comparative and superlative form. | | | | 1 | 32/7/6 |
| | | Talk about future plans using going to. Use conjunctions (because, and, but). | | | | N V | 33/7/6 |
| | | Use intensifiers (so, very). | | | ~ | N | 34/7/6 35/7/6 |
| × | | Follow a simple text while listening to the audio recording. | | | | | 36/7/6 |
| | | Understand the main idea and/or basic information in short monologues or dialogues. | V. | $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ | | V | 37/7/6 |
| × | | Read and count cardinal numbers to1000. | | | | | 38/7/6 |
| × | | Read and comprehend simple sentences and simple texts. | | | | | 39/7/6 |
| × | bu | Read simple illustrated stories. | | | | 1 | 40/7/6 |
| × | Provide Read simple illustrated stories. Recognise basic rules of punctuation. | | | | | , | 41/7/6 |
| | ų, | Understand the main idea and specific information in short simple texts. | | \checkmark | | | 42/7/6 |
| | | Associate verbal with visual information. | | | 1 | 1 | 43/7/6 |
| × | | Apply basic rules of punctuation (e.g. use capital letters, full stops, question marks, exclamation marks). | | | | | 44/7/6 |
| × | | Write short simple words/phrases to complete a paragraph. | | | | | 45/7/6 |
| | б | Write simple sentences to convey personal information. | 1 | \checkmark | 1 | 1 | 46/7/6 |
| × | Writing | Write short answers to simple questions. | | | 1 | 1 | 47/7/6 |
| × | 5 | Use the definite and indefinite article (a/an/the). | | | | V | 48/7/6 |
| | | Link ideas with and, then. | | √ | | | 49/7/6 |
| | | | | | | , | |

Workbook









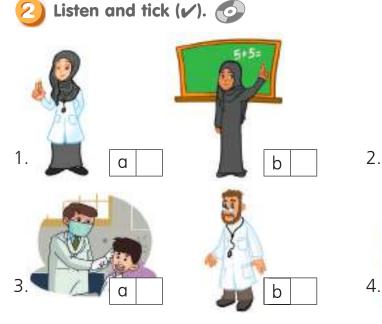
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- 1. He works in a restaurant.
- 2. He works in a hospital.
- 3. He puts out fires.
- 5. He cooks in a restaurant.



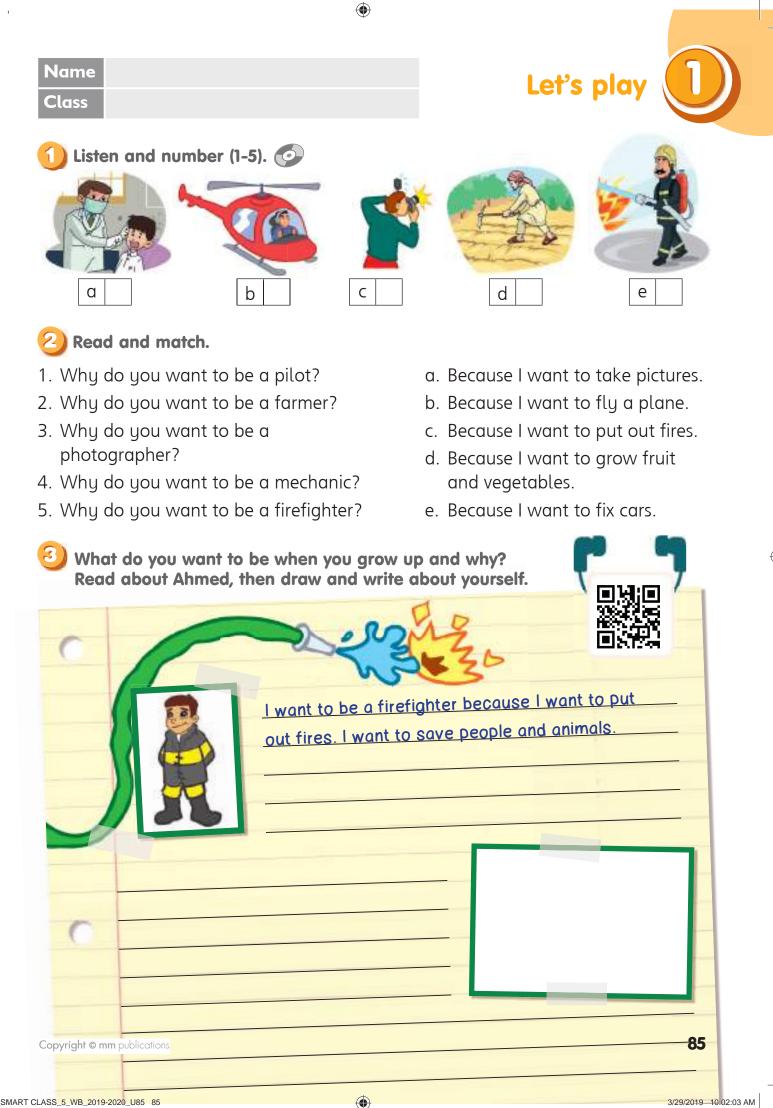
- 6. He saves people.
- 7. She fixes teeth.
- 8. He works in a police station.



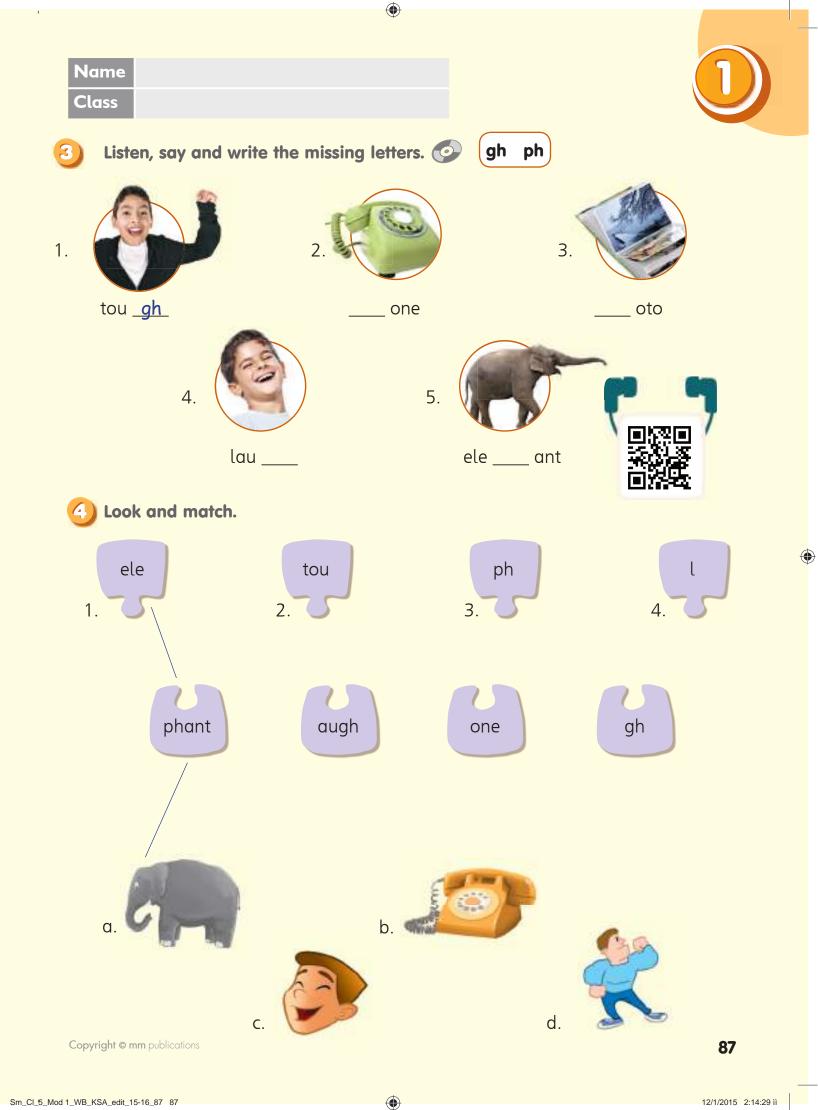


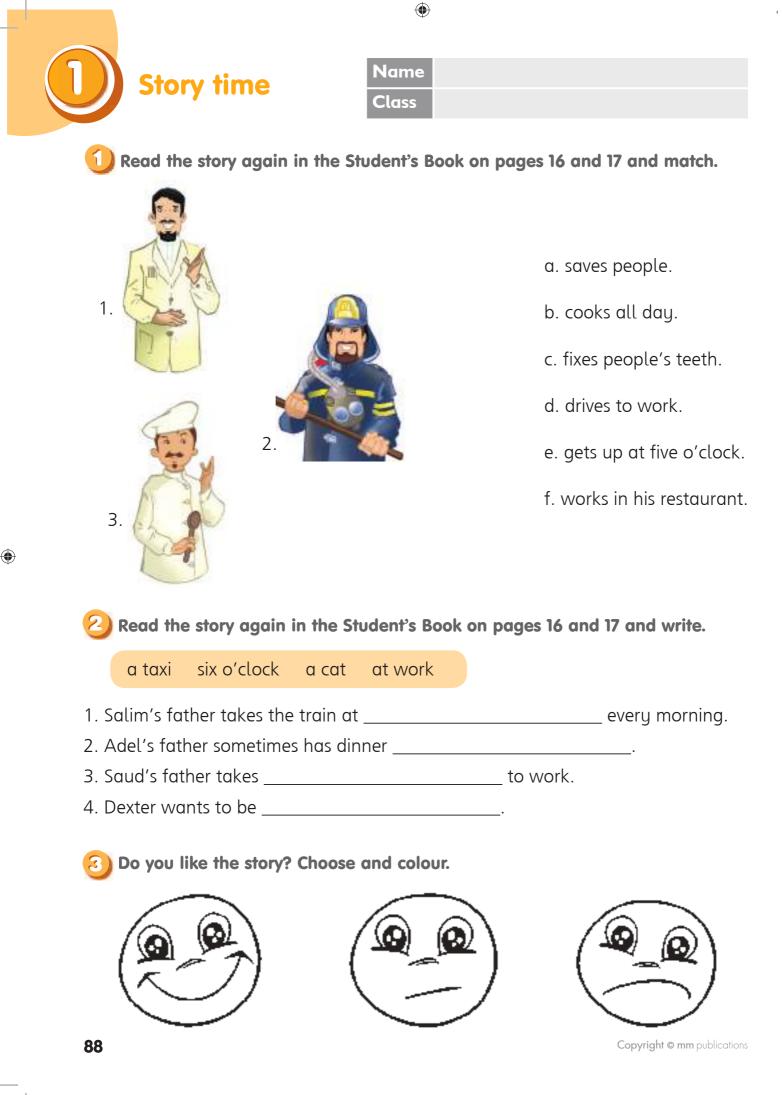
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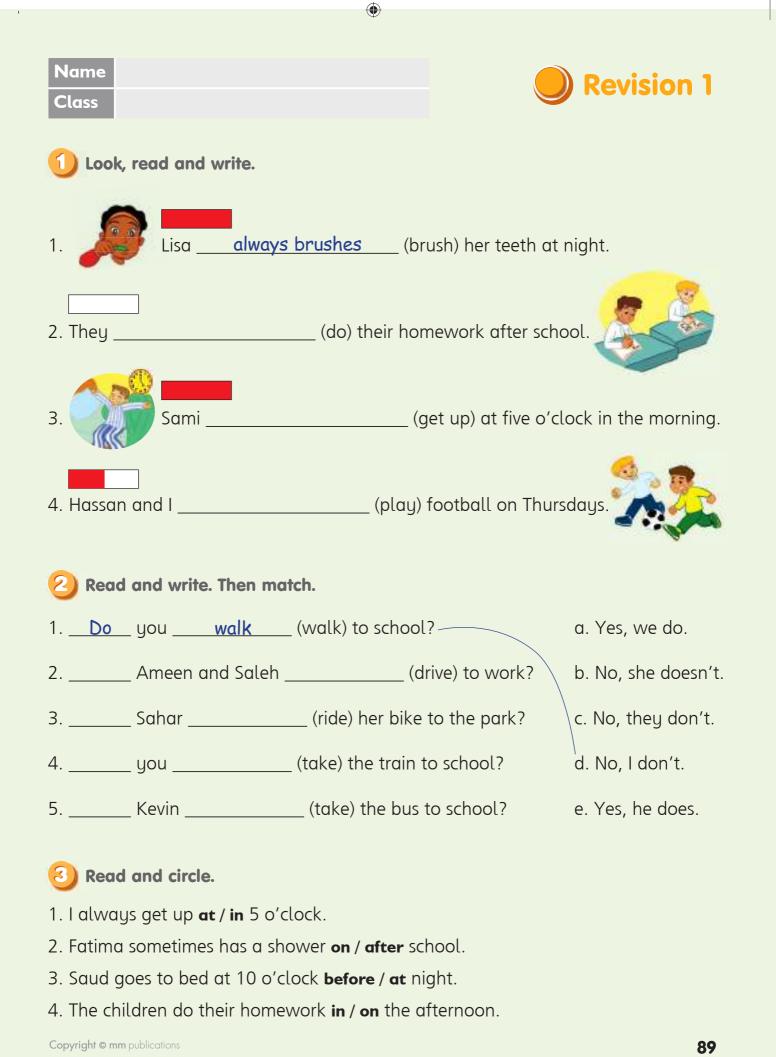
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Name Class

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- Omar wants to be a _____
 because he can swim very well and he wants to help people.
- 2. Todd always brushes his teeth. He wants to be a _____ and fix teeth.
- Carl likes his toy plane. When he grows up, he wants to be a ______ because he wants to fly a helicopter.



- 1. never / her teeth / Afaf / brushes / at night
- 2. don't / get up / at 7 o'clock / They / on Thursdays
- 3. you / walk / to school / Do
- 4. Karim / ride / to the park / Does / his bike
- 5. always / I / in the morning / a shower / have
- 6. doesn't / She / work / in a hospital

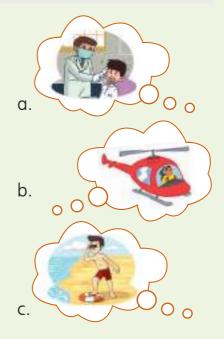
O Answer about yourself.

- 1. Do you always brush your teeth at night?
- 2. Do you walk to school?
- 3. What do you want to be when you grow up?

Æ

- 4. Why?
- 90





| Name Class | Project |
|--|--|
| 1 Read and correct. | |
| i get up at five o'clock every day. Do you walk to school. I like dates very much? | 4. After school, I sometimes play computer games? 5. before bedtime, I never have a shower 6. I love tennis? |
| Write about your day. Answer the questions in the box. Look at activity 1 in the Student's Book, p.19. | What do you do in the morning? What do you do after school? What do you do before bedtime? |
| In the morning, | d a b |
| After school, | |
| Before bedtime, | |
| | |

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Name

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Class

Phonics walks - reads - teaches

Listen, say and circle the word that doesn't belong. 📀



paints

2) Listen and number 1-6. 📀



swims







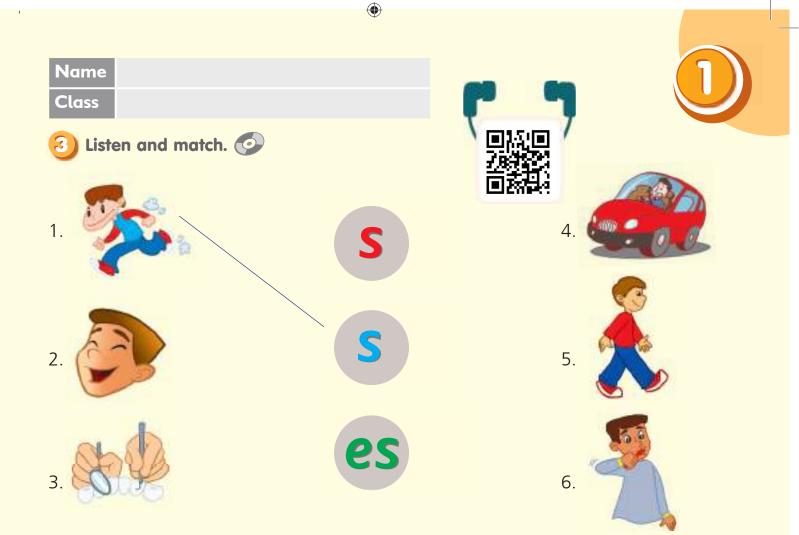




washes



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(4) Find and circle. Then write the words in the correct category.



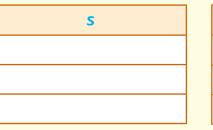
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| Α | Ρ | А | I | Ν | Т | S | Н |
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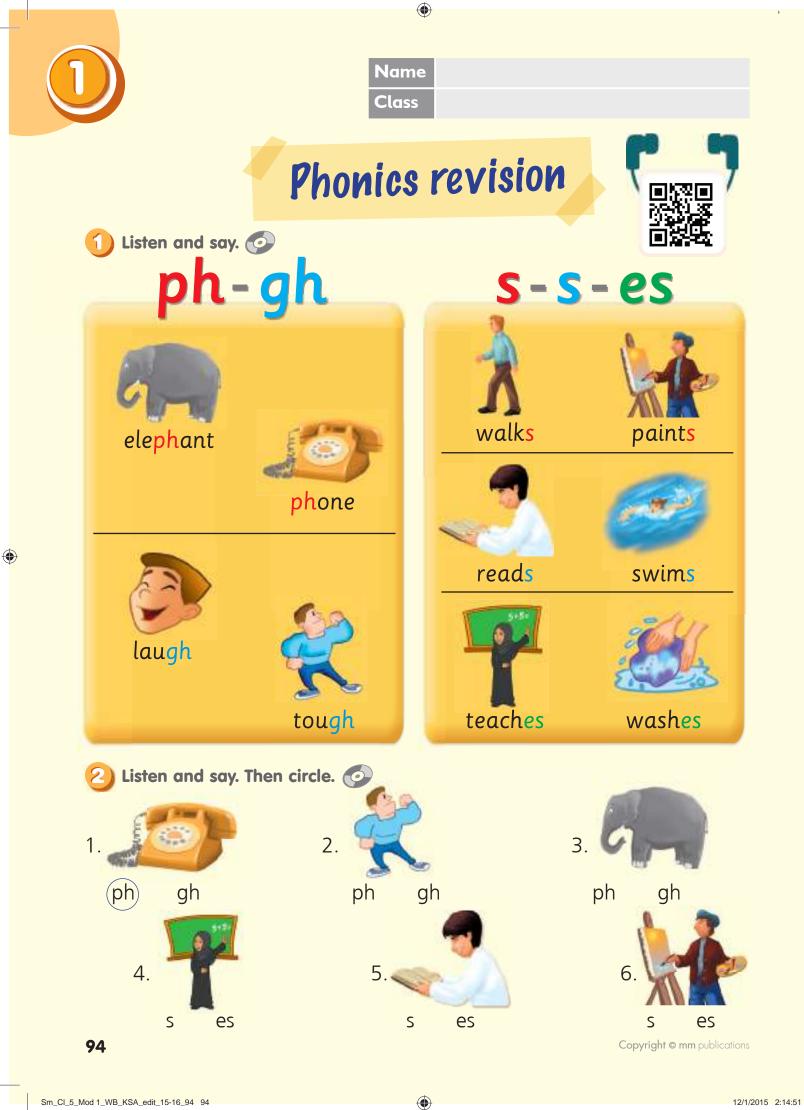
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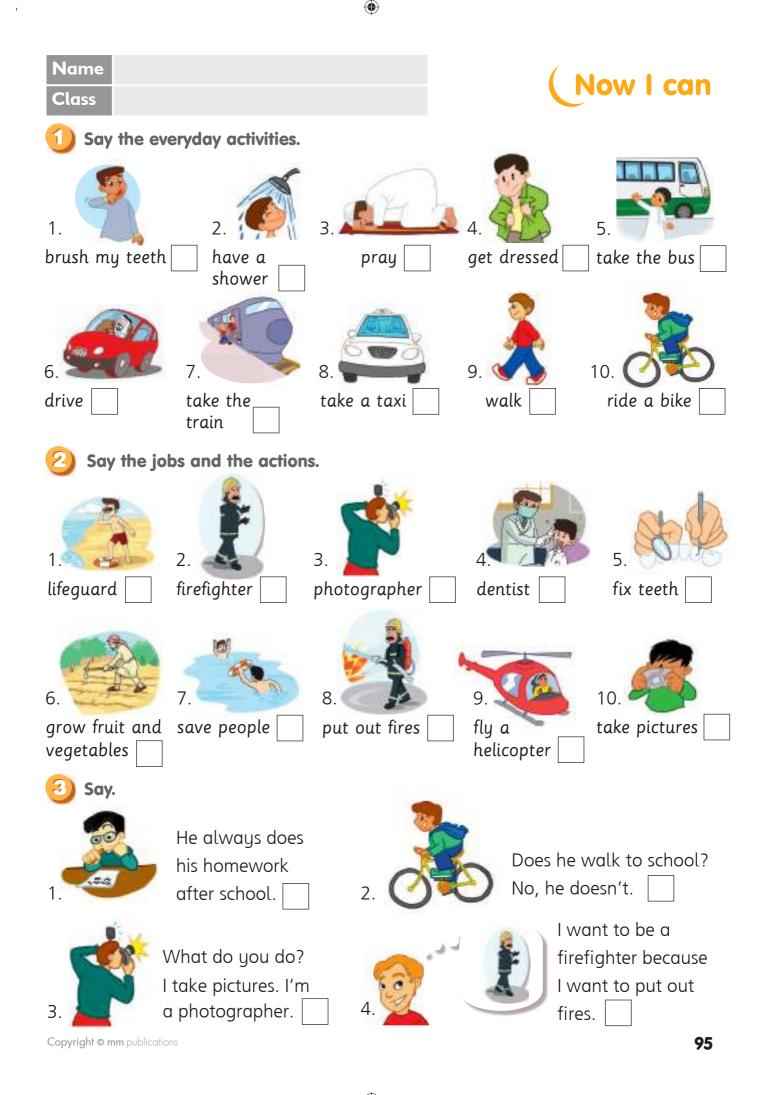
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| teaches | |
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3.

- a. She's making the bed.
- b. She's watering the plants.



a. They're cleaning. b. They're doing their homework.



1.

4.





- a. She's making a cake.
- b. She's making the bed.



a. He's cleaning his room.

Look, read and write.

b. He's doing his homework.



a. She's cleaning.

b. She's doing the

washing-up.

2.

5.

a.They're making their beds.

b. They're watering the plants.

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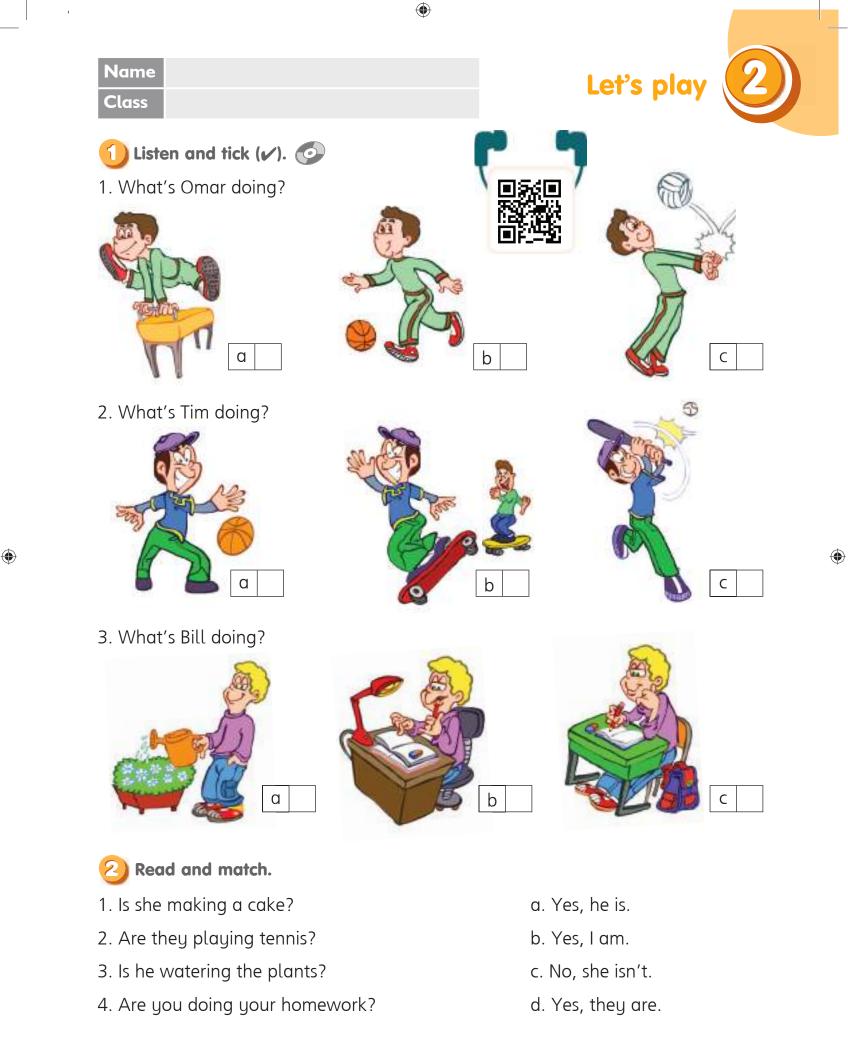
make a cake make the bed watch TV water the plants do the washing-up do homework

father

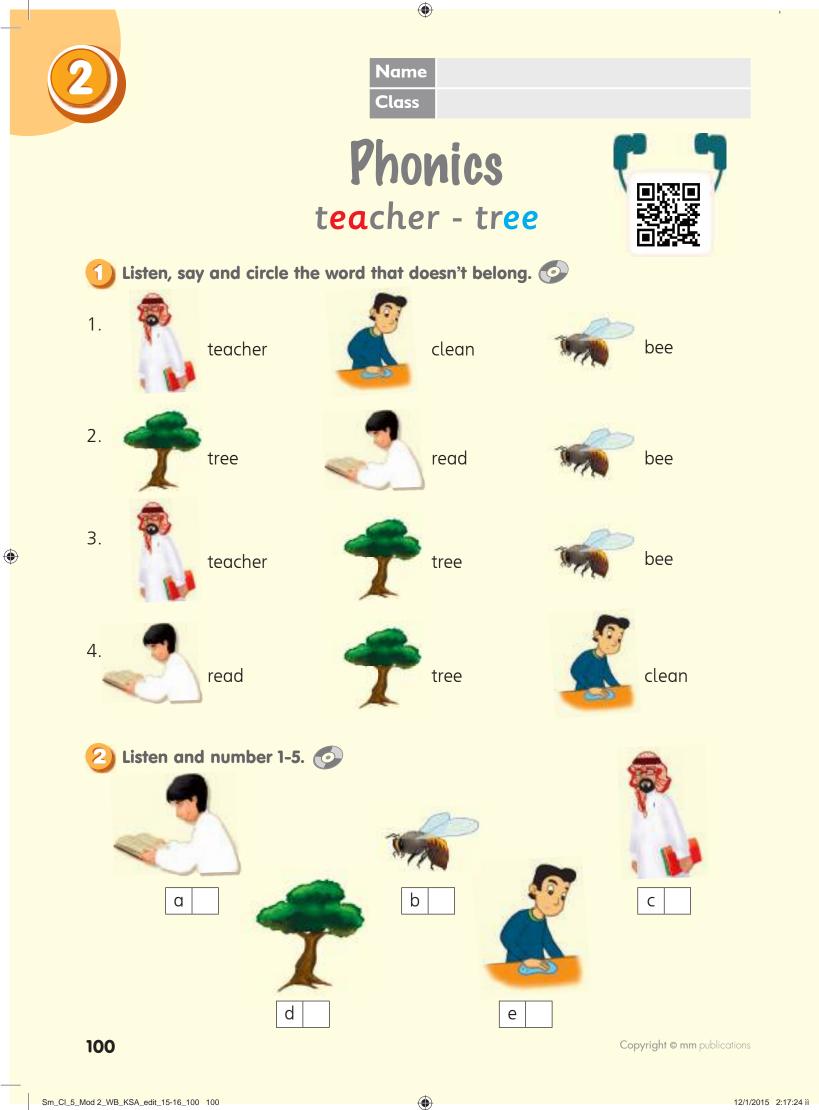
- Ammar Afaf mother grandmother grandfather
- 1. What's Ammar doing? He's doing his homework.
- 2. What's Afaf doing?
- 3. What's the grandfather doing?

- 4. What's the father doing?
- 5. What's the mother doing?
- 6. What's the grandmother doing?

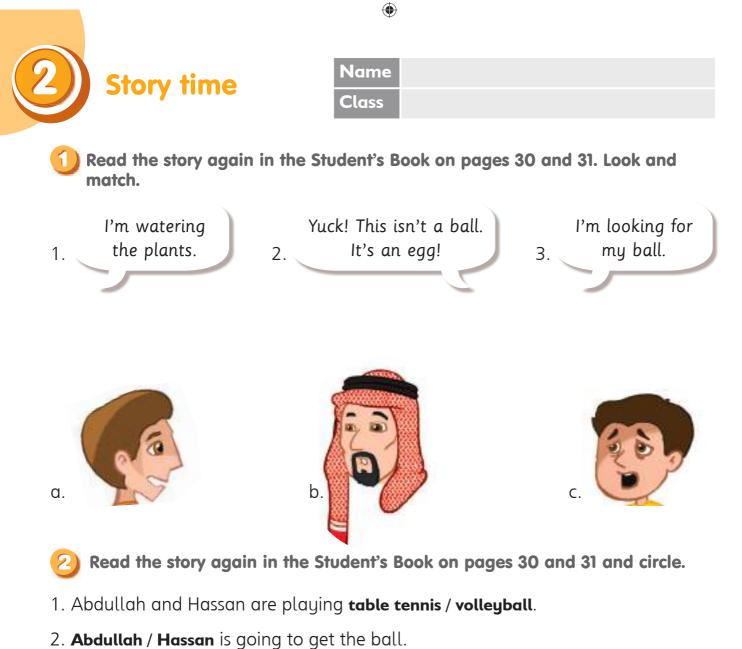




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- 3. It **is / isn't** raining.
- 4. Mr Ameer is **exercising / watering the plants**.
- 5. Abdullah is / isn't happy.
- 6. Abdullah throws / hits the ball.

Do you like the story? Choose and colour.







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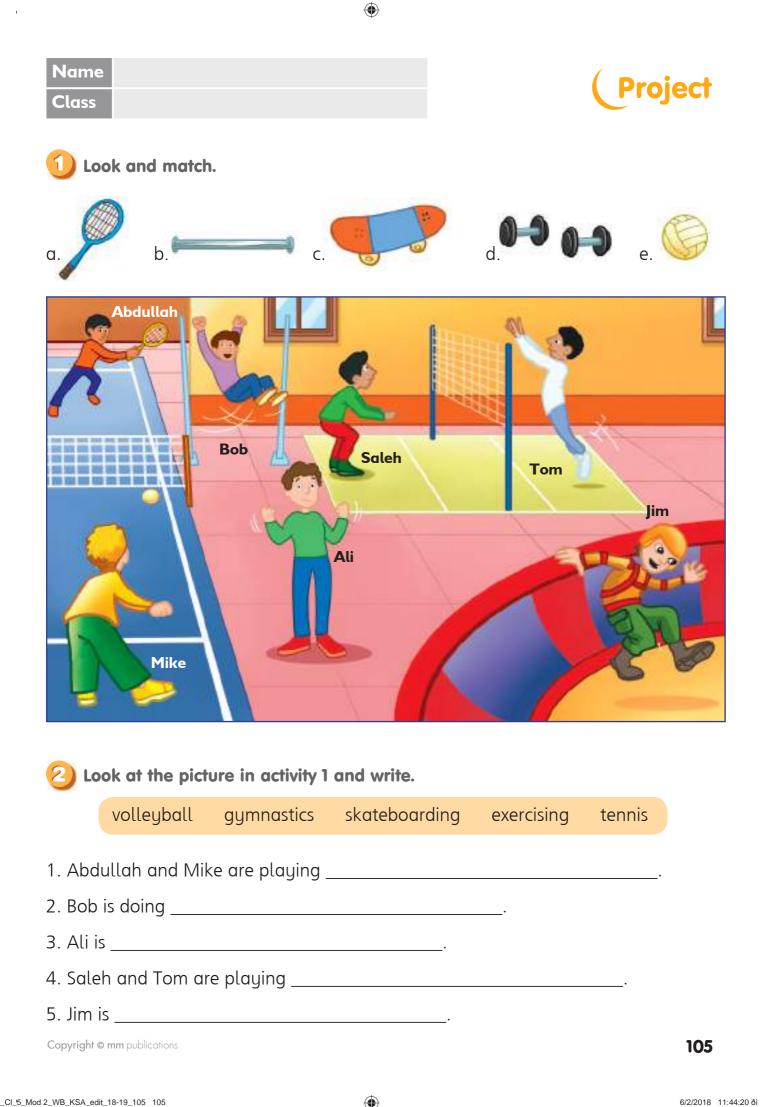
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| Class | | | | | Revision 2 |
|--|--|-------------|--|--------|--|
| 2. hit | erbs below. | | 5. run 6. swim 7. exercis 8. kick | | |
| 2 Look and write. | cleaning | making | the beds | eating | playing volleyball |
| 1. Is he doing gymnas No, He's | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 3. Is she watering the No, She's | | | | | ? |
| No, She's Read and match | the questio | | No, They're | 2 | |
| No, She's 3 Read and match 1. Are Reema and Fati | the questio ima | | No, They're | 2 | |
| No, She's 3 Read and match 1. Are Reema and Fati doing the washing- | the questio ima up? | ns (1-5) to | No, They're | 2 | • |
| No,She's 3 Read and match = 1. Are Reema and Fati doing the washing- 2. What are Sally and | the questio ima up? I Lucy doin <u>c</u> | ns (1-5) to | No, They're | 2 | a. No, they aren't. |
| She's 3 Read and match 1. Are Reema and Fati | the questio ima up? I Lucy doin <u>c</u> g? | ns (1-5) to | No, They're | 2 | a. No, they aren't. b. I'm watching TV. |

| Aisha: | read do play clean make Hi, Hasna! What (1) <u>are</u> you |
|--------|---|
| Hasna: | I (2) a cake. And you? |
| Aisha: | I (3) the house. |
| | The children (4) volleyball in the go Where is Jameel? |
| | He (5) a book. |
| 5) Wri | te sentences about what the people in your family are doing. |
| | |

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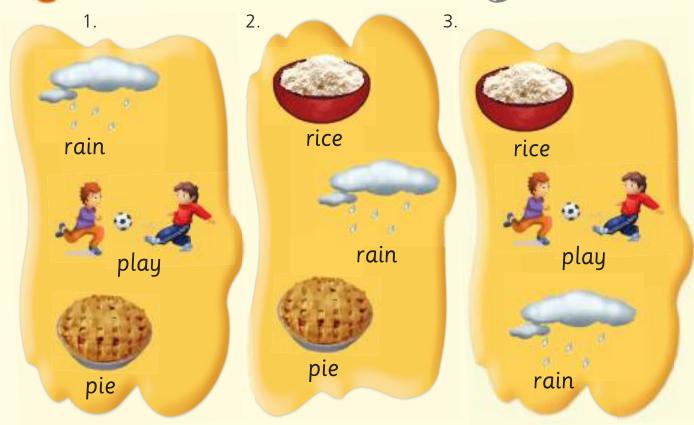


Name Class

Phonics play, rain - rice, pie

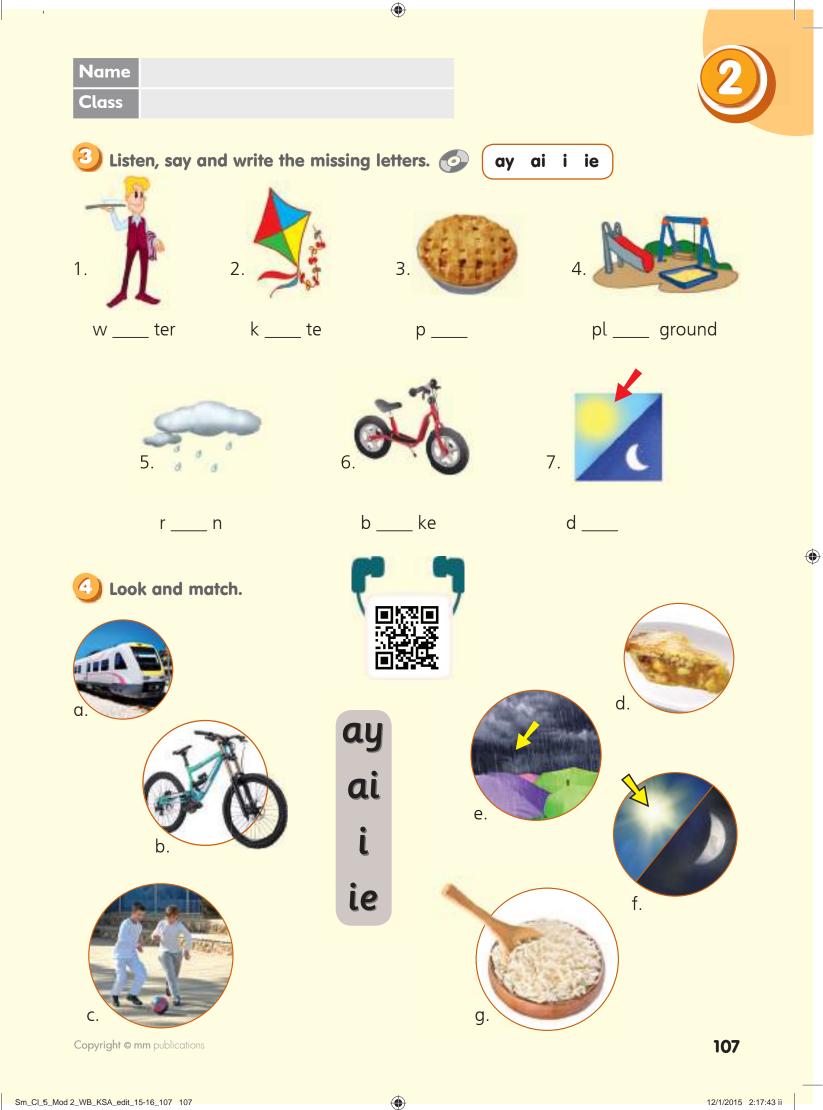


 $igcolumbdolumbol{0}$ Listen, say and circle the word that doesn't belong. $igcolumbdolumbol{O}$



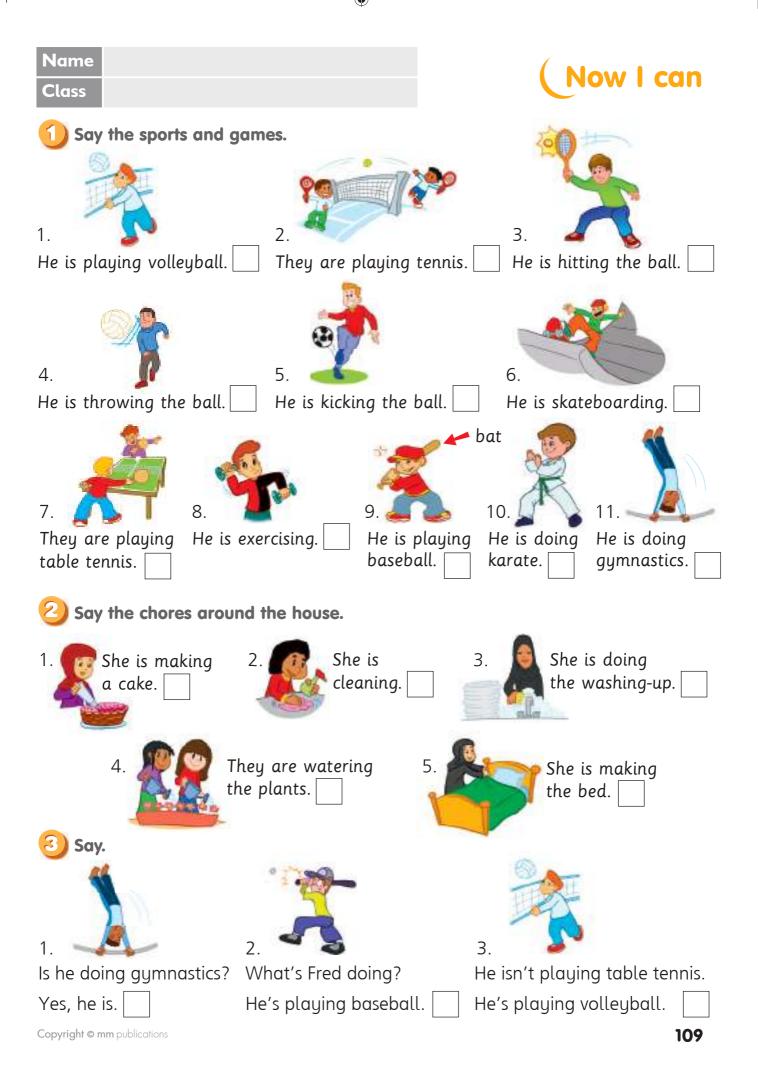
2 Listen and number 1-6. a b b c c f 106

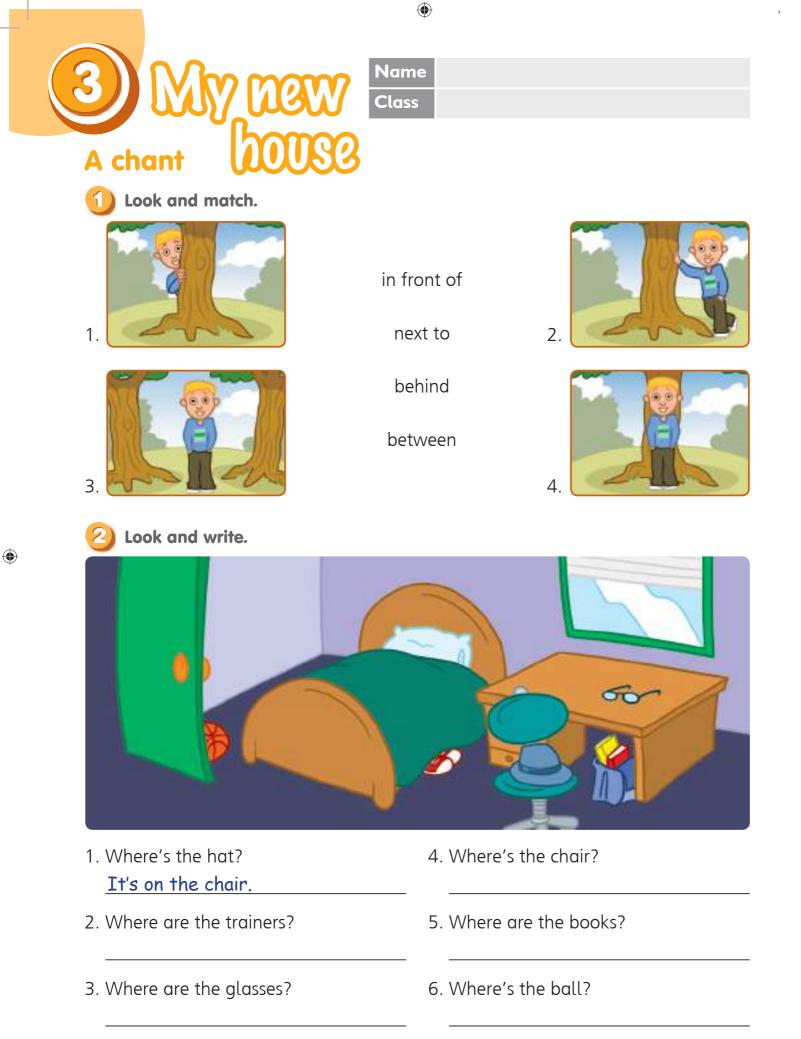
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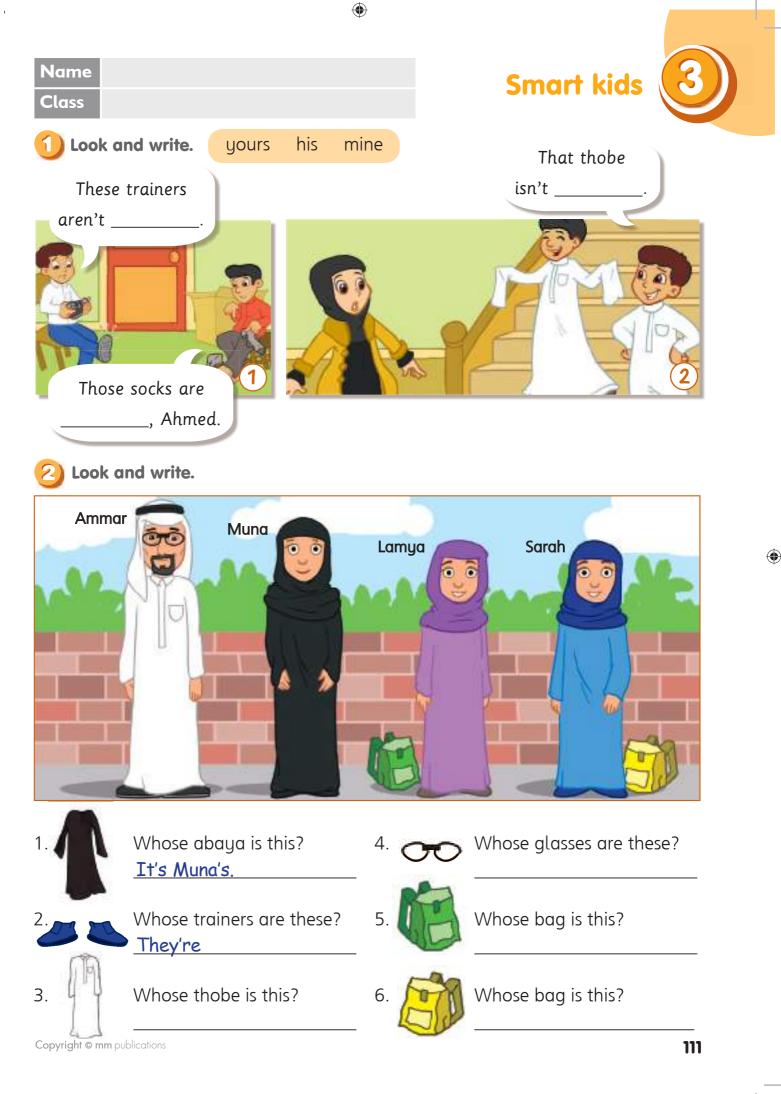
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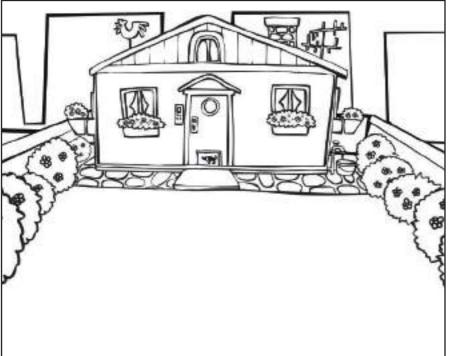




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Name Class

Read, draw and colour.



The walls of the house are yellow. There is a brown mat in front of the door. In the garden there is a table and four chairs.



Look, find the differences and write.



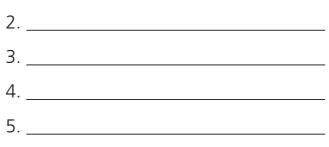


- 1. <u>The walls are yellow.</u>
- 2. There is one sofa. 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. 112

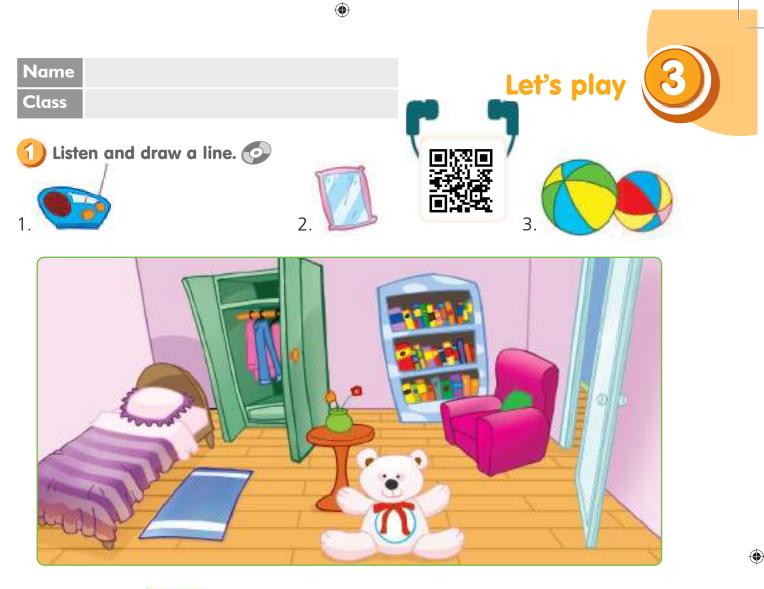


Picture B

1.T<u>he walls are orange.</u>



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It's in the wardrobe.

2 Look at activity 1 and answer.

1. Where's the radio?

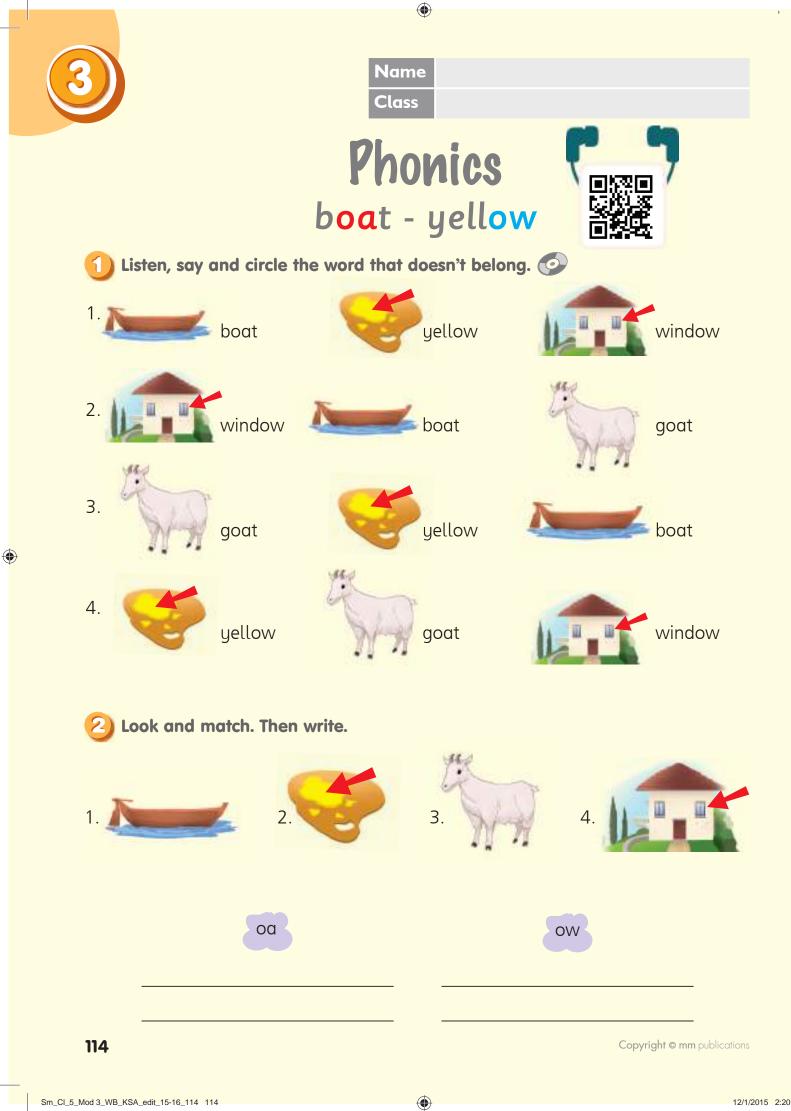
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- 2. Where's the mirror?
- 3. Where are the balls?
- 4. Where's the painting?
- 5. Where are the slippers?

Read and complete. Use a, an or the.

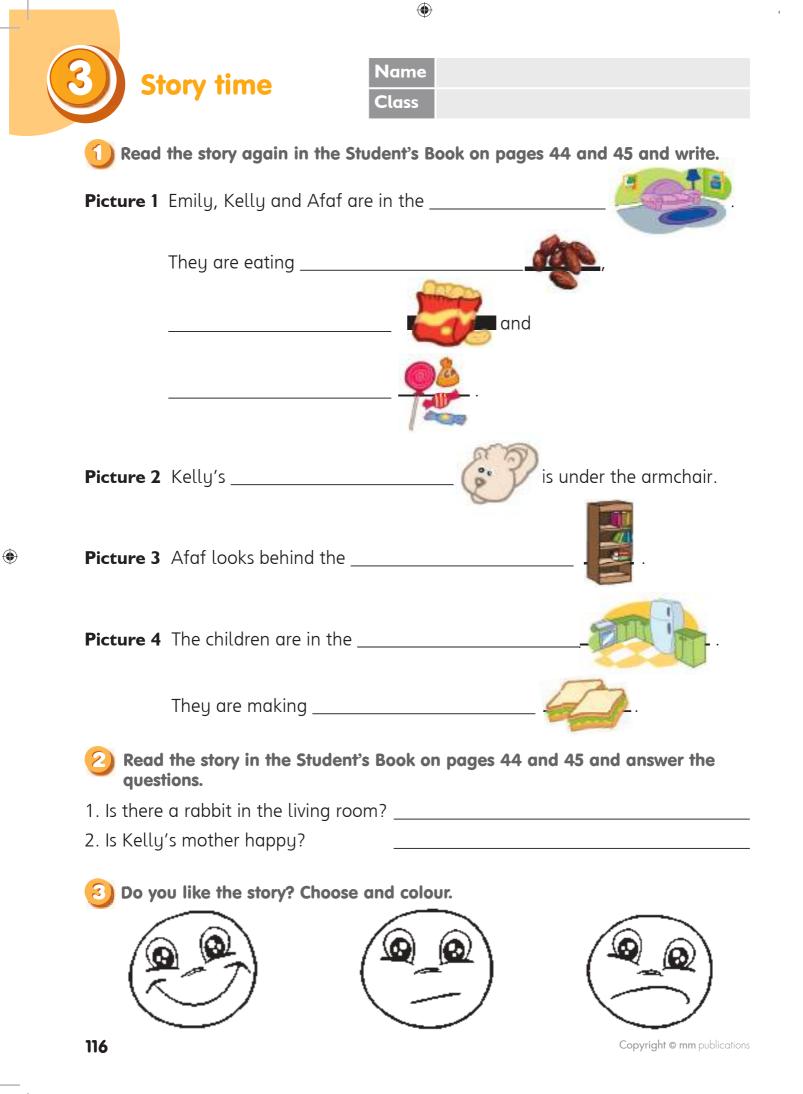
- 1. There is _____ mirror next to the desk.
- 2. There isn't _____ armchair in front of the TV.
- 3. There are two bookcases in the bedroom. _____ pink bookcase is next to the bed. _____ white bookcase is next to the wardrobe.
- 4. There is _____ apple and _____ pepper in the fridge.

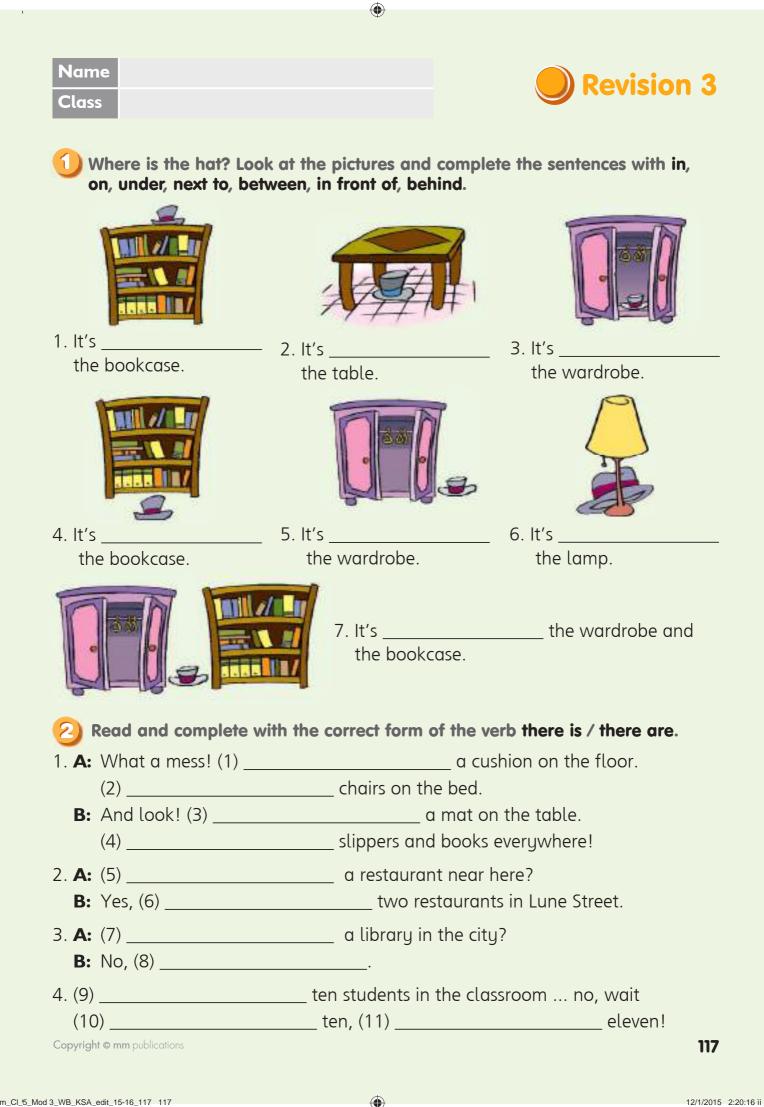
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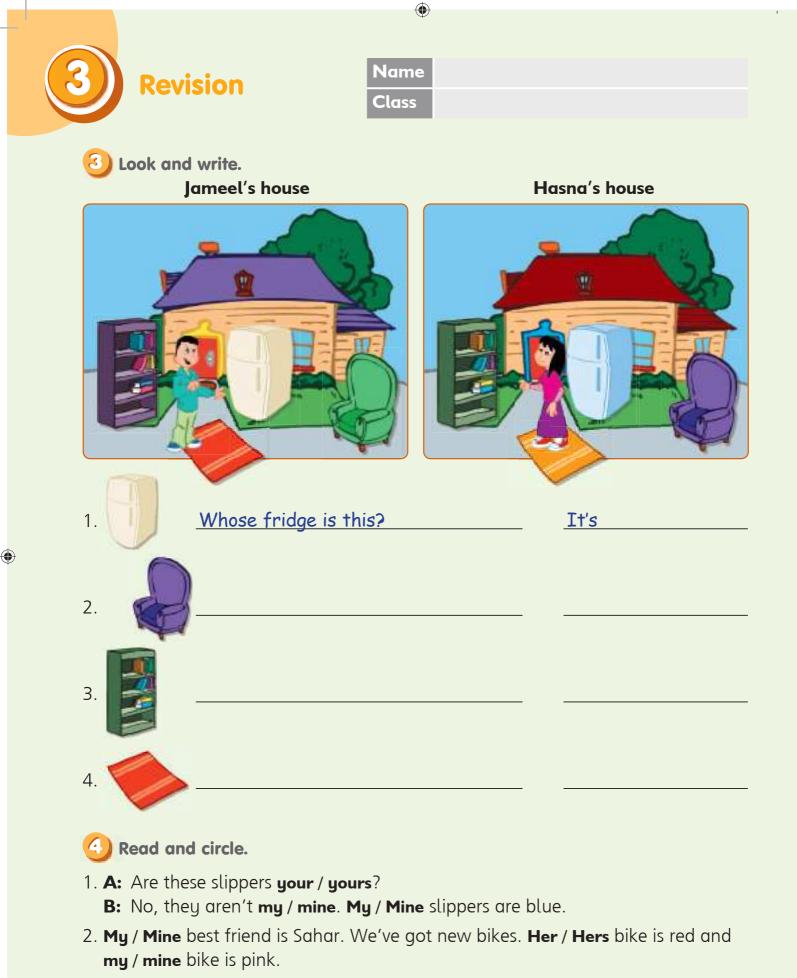




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- 3. This isn't **your / yours** coat. That black coat is **your / yours**.
- 4. Her / Hers brother is six years old. The yellow ball is he / his.

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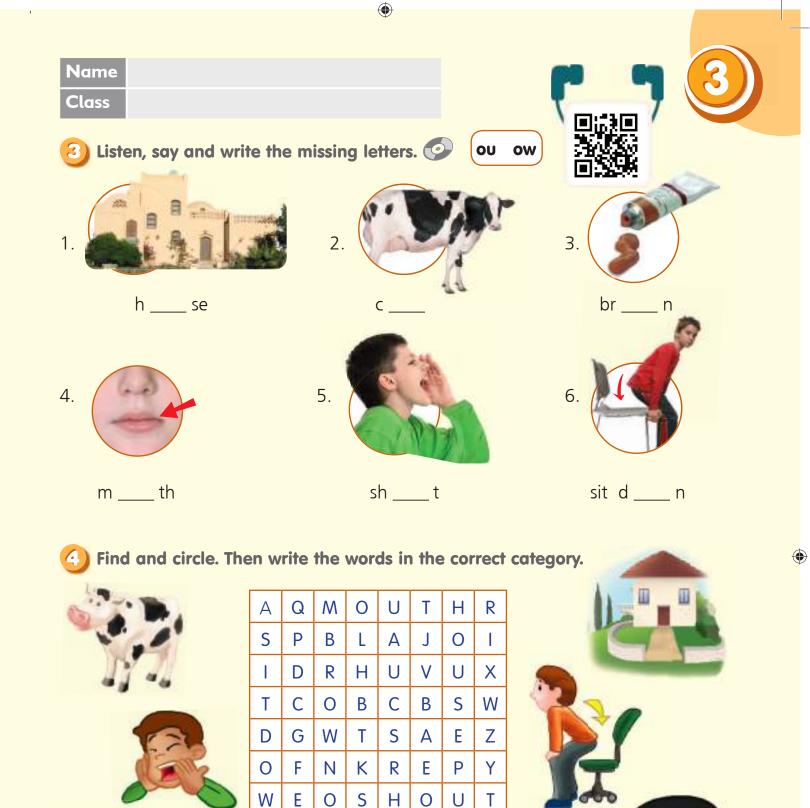
| Name Class | Project |
|---|--|
| 1 Put the words in the correct order. | |
| live in / a / white / I / house / big <u>I live in a big, white house</u>. | |
| 2. a / There is / big / blue / in the living ro | oom / sofa |
| 3. small / bookcase / yellow / I've got / a | |
| 4. pink / The / lamp / small / on my desk | / is |
| 2 Answer the questions in the box and Look at activity 1 in the Student's Bo 1. Is your house big or small? 3. Wh | |
| 2. Name the rooms in your house. 4. Wh | nat is there/are there in your favourite room? |
| | I live in a house. |

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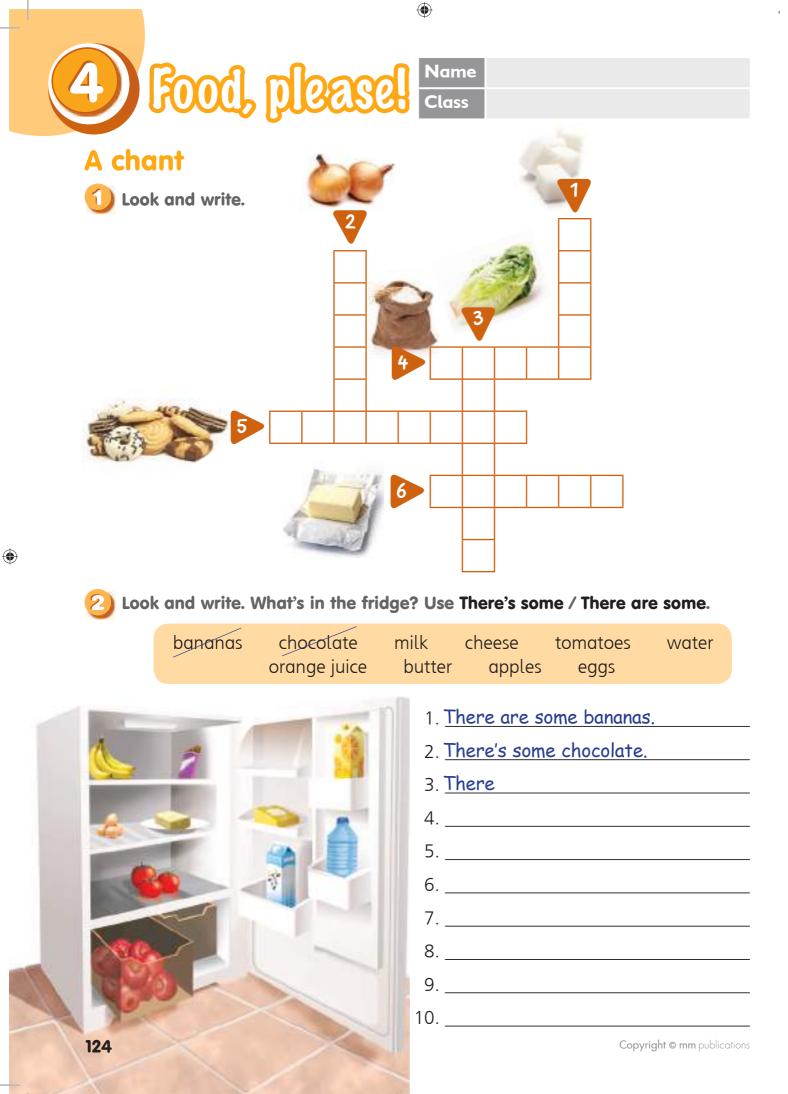
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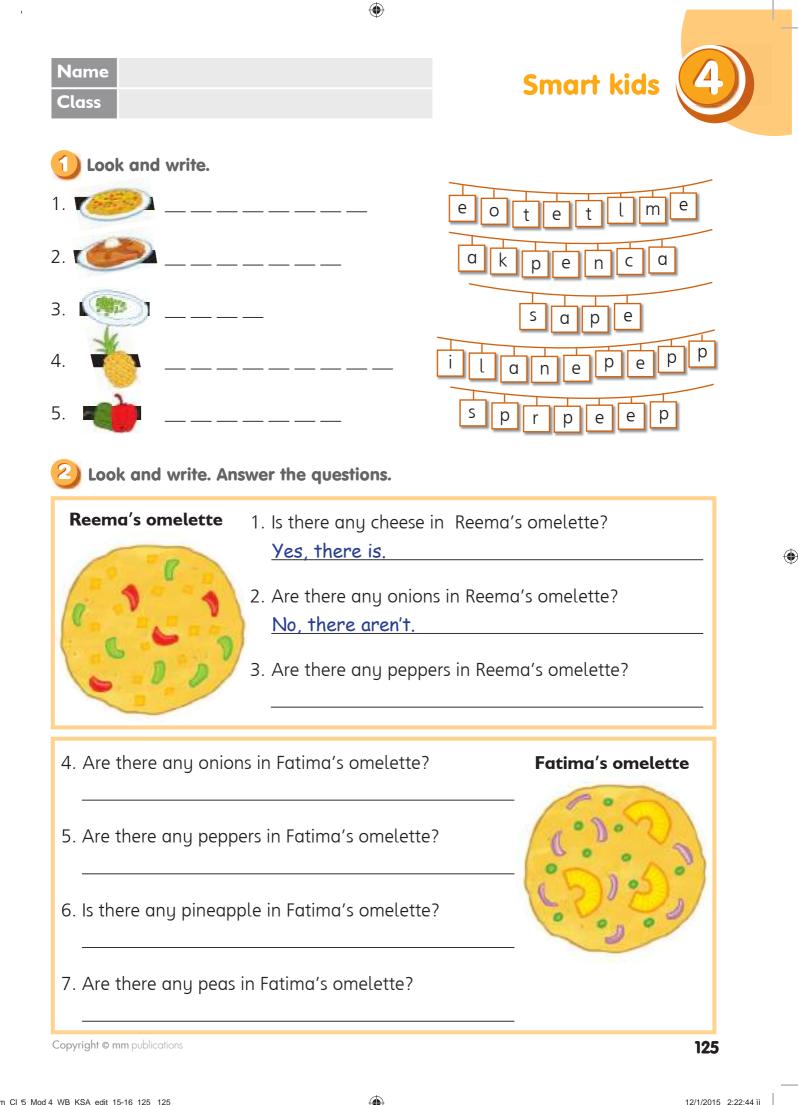


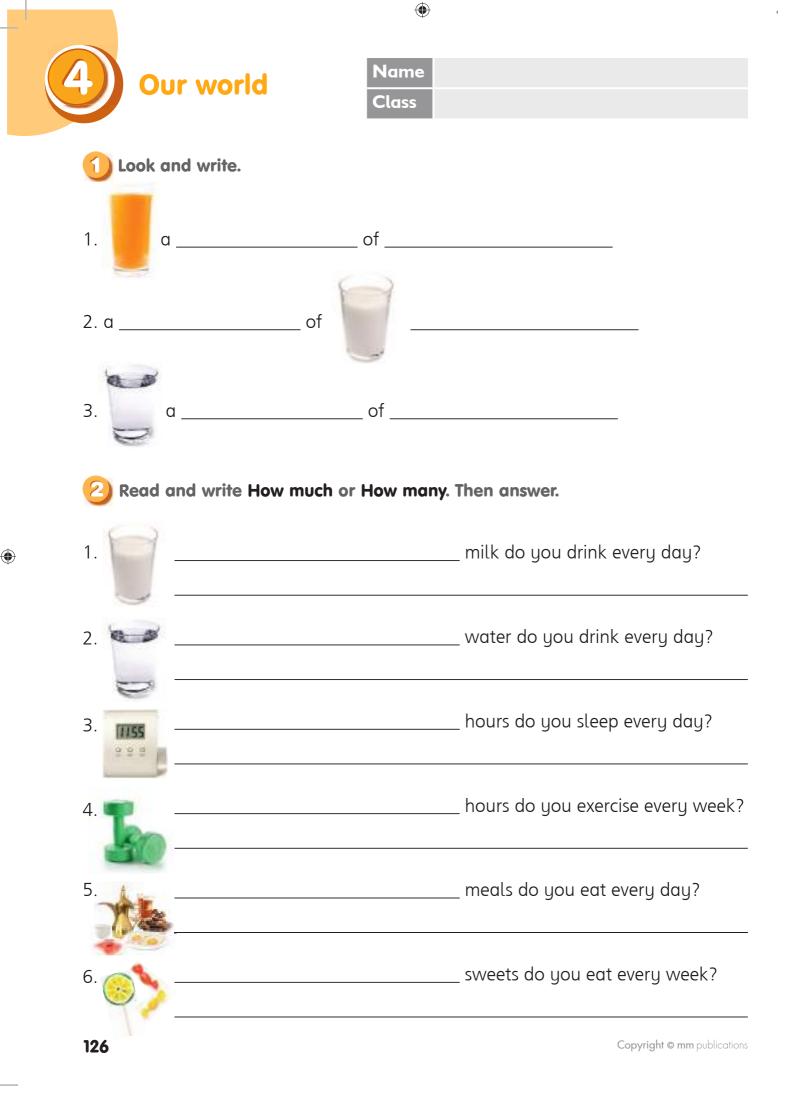
| Name Class | (Now I can |
|---|--|
| Say the items. 1. 2. bookcase fridge 3. 4. armchair | 5. slippers |
| 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. mat clock mirror radio paint | ting paper |
| 2 Say the parts of a house. upstairs 1. 2. 3. 3. | 4. downstairs |
| 5. 6. 6. 7. 100 7. 100 7. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10 | |
| 1. behind 2. in front of Say. | |
| He's behind the tree. They're in front of the trees. The | nose trainers are these? ey're Karim's. ey're his. |
| | re a mat on the floor? there is |

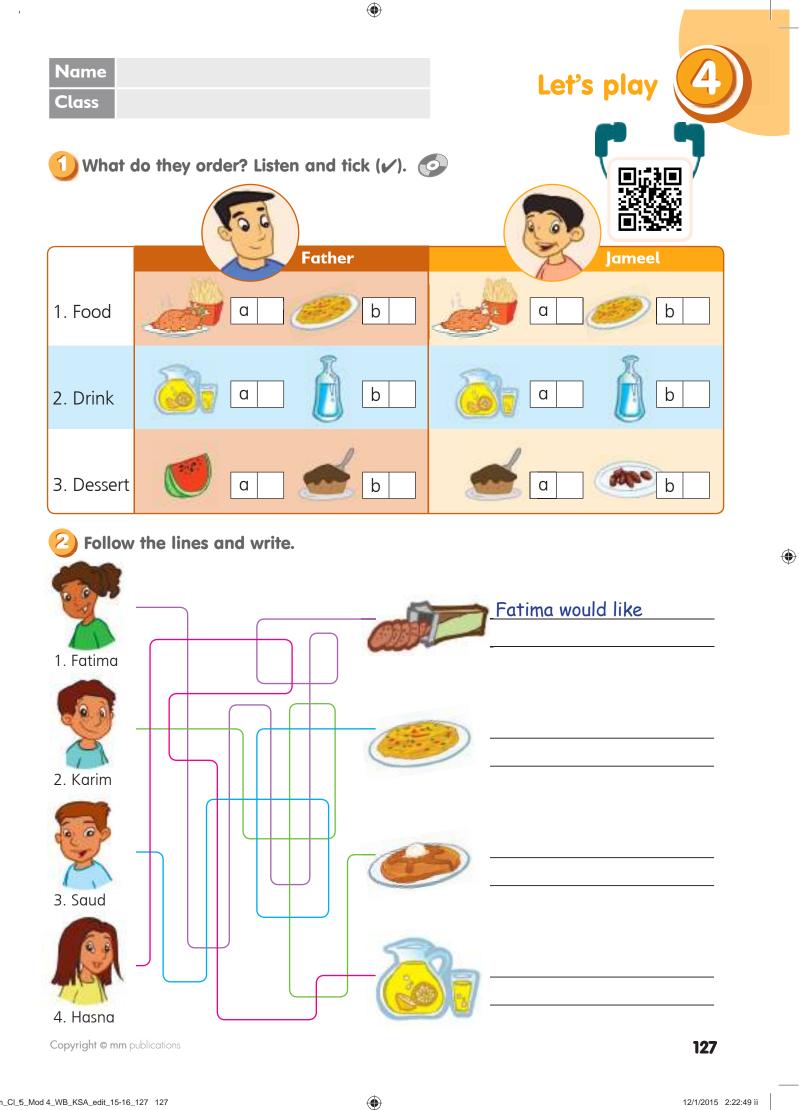
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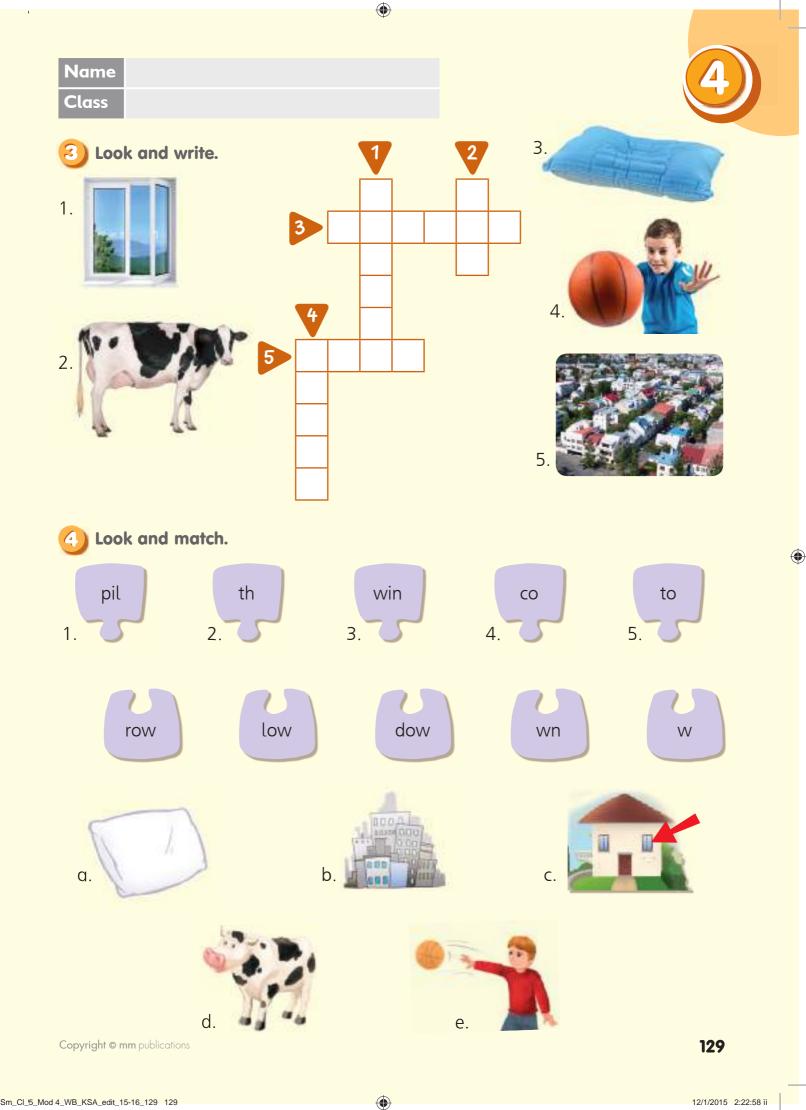
















Read the story again in the Student's Book on pages 58 and 59 and answer the questions.



1. What is Reema making?



2. Has Sahar got any onions?



3. Who wins the competition?



5. Has Sahar got milk and eggs?



4. Is Sahar happy?



6. Does Mrs Al Saleh like Sahar's date cake?

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Do you like the story? Choose and colour.

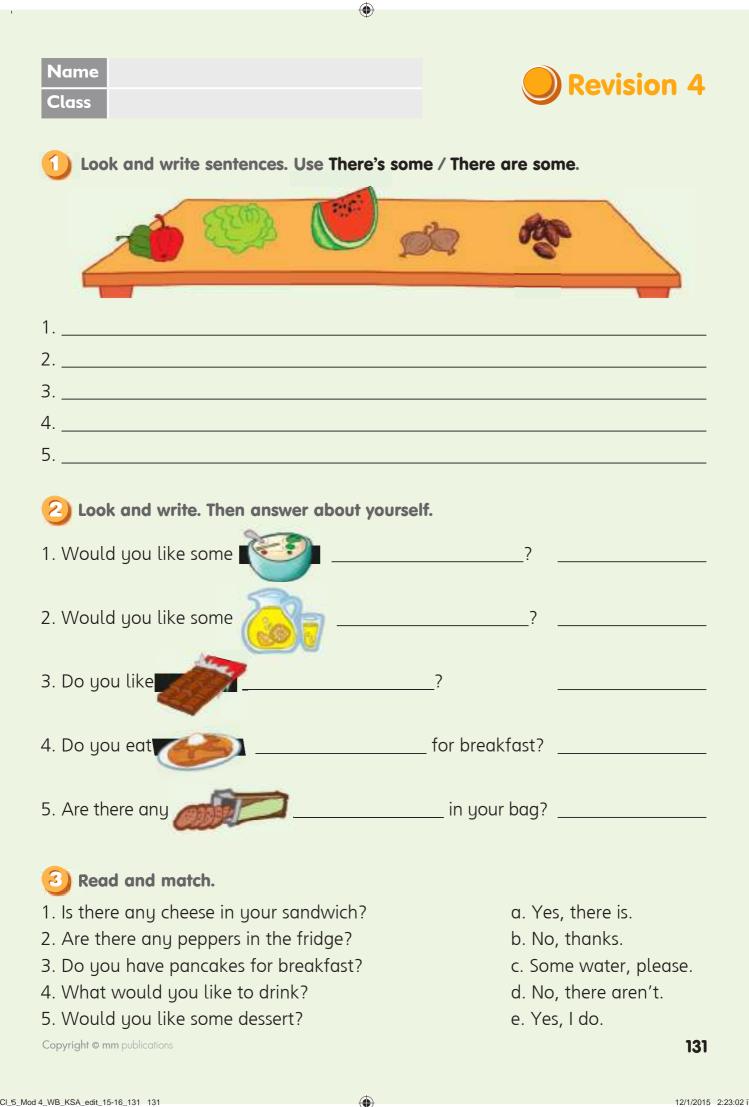






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|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Revision | Name Class | |
| Choose a or b. | | |
| 1. There are a. any | peppers in the fridge. b. some | |
| 2. There is a. some | milk in the glass. b. a | |
| 3. I haven't got a. some | butter. b. any | |
| 4. Is there a. any | flour in the cupboard? b. an | |
| 5. Would you like _ a. an | lemonade? b. some | |
| 6. There is a. a | sandwich in my bag. b. some | |
| 5 Read and comp | olete. Use How much or How | many. |
| (1) How much | milk | is there in the fridge? |
| (2) | eggs 🤯 | are there in the fridge? |
| (3) | flour | is there in the cupboard? |
| (4) | cheese | is there in the fridge? |
| | | |
| (5) | peppers | are there on the table? |

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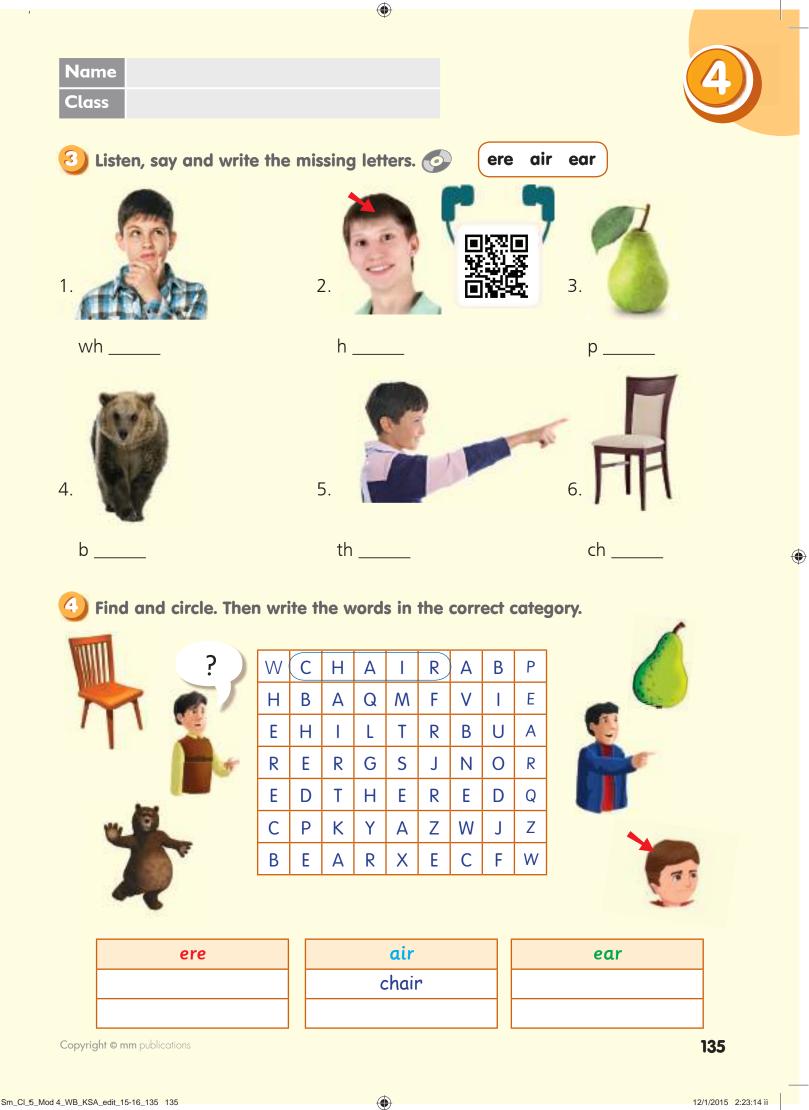
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|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Name Class | | (Project |
| Join the sentences. Use too. I'd like some milk. I'd like some pancakes. I'd l | ike an omelette | 2 |
| I'd like some milk, some pancakes and an on | | |
| 2. Karim likes pineapple. He likes dates. He likes | watermelon. | |
| 3. There are some peppers. There are some onior | ns. There are sor | me tomatoes. |
| 2 What's your favourite pizza / salad? Draw and write. Use the prompts given. Look at activity 1 in the Student's Book, p.61. | there is There are There isn't | There aren't It's |
| | | |
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| | | } |
| | ~~~~~~ | |
| <u>On my favourite pizza / In my favourite salad</u> | , there | |

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Say.



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• I'd like some

water, please.

• Four.

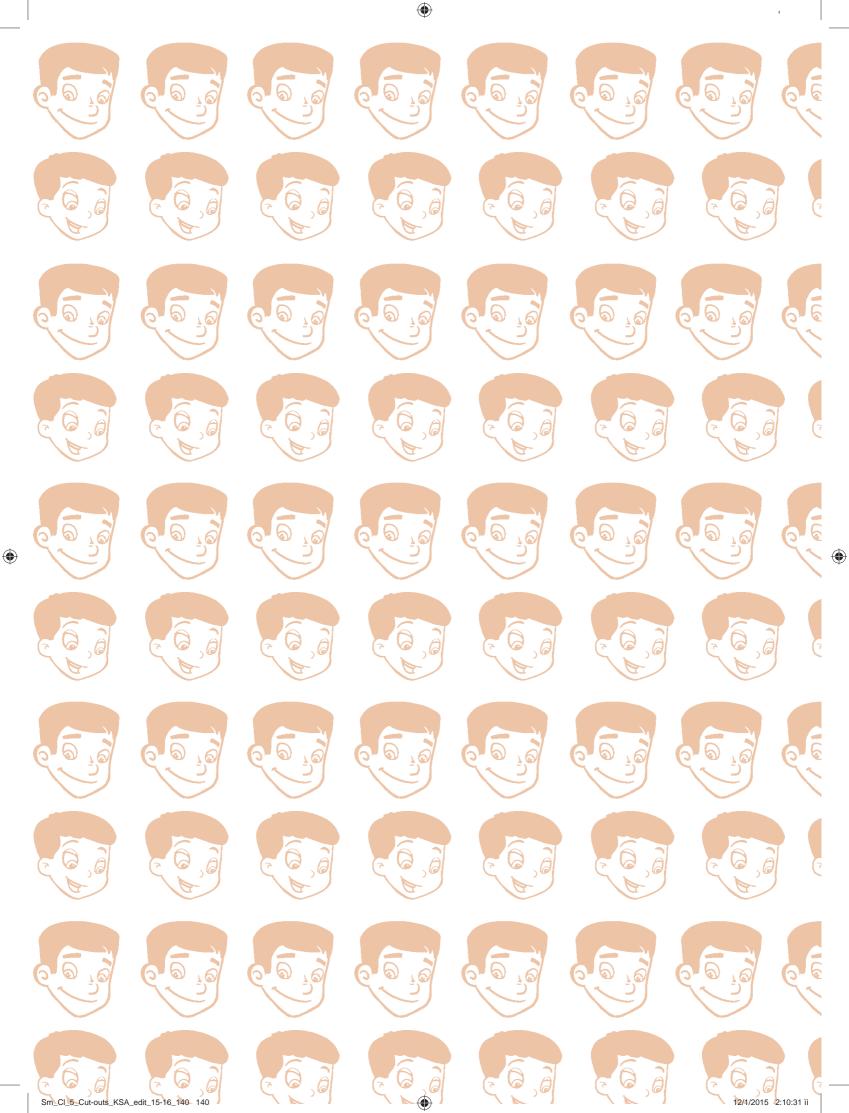




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Let's play

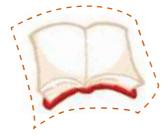








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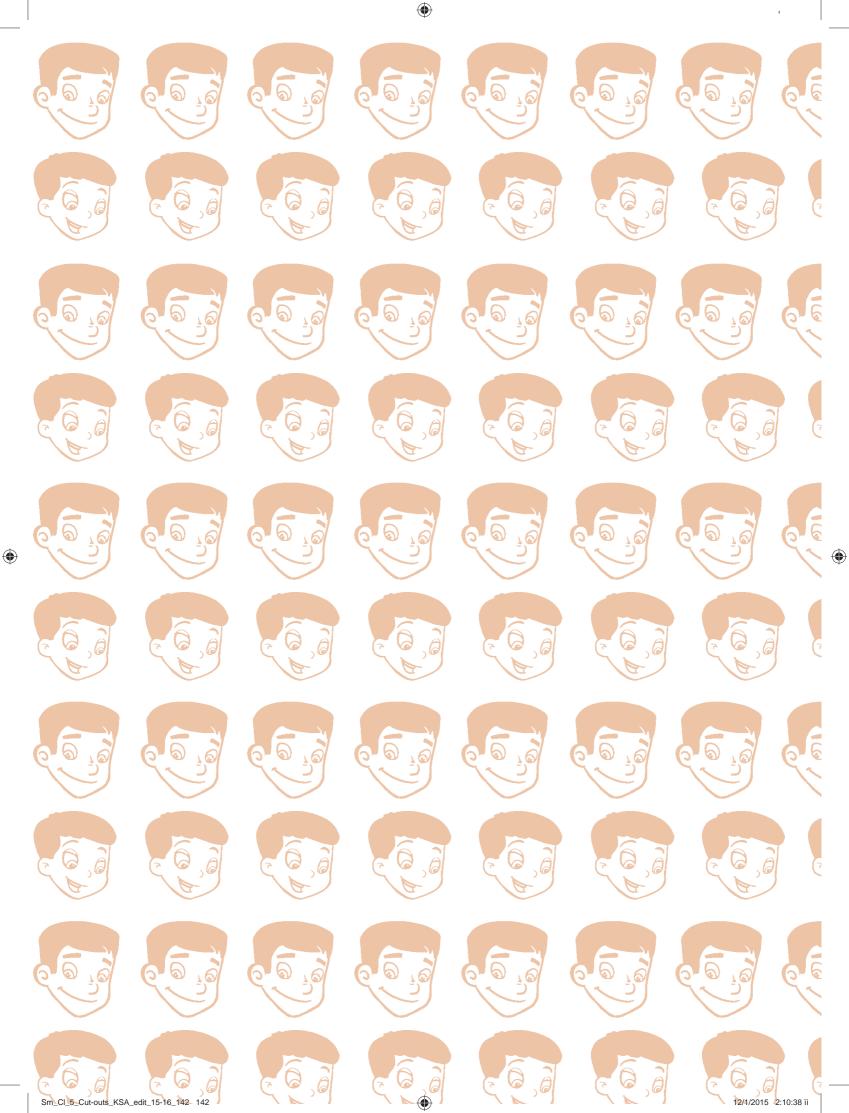


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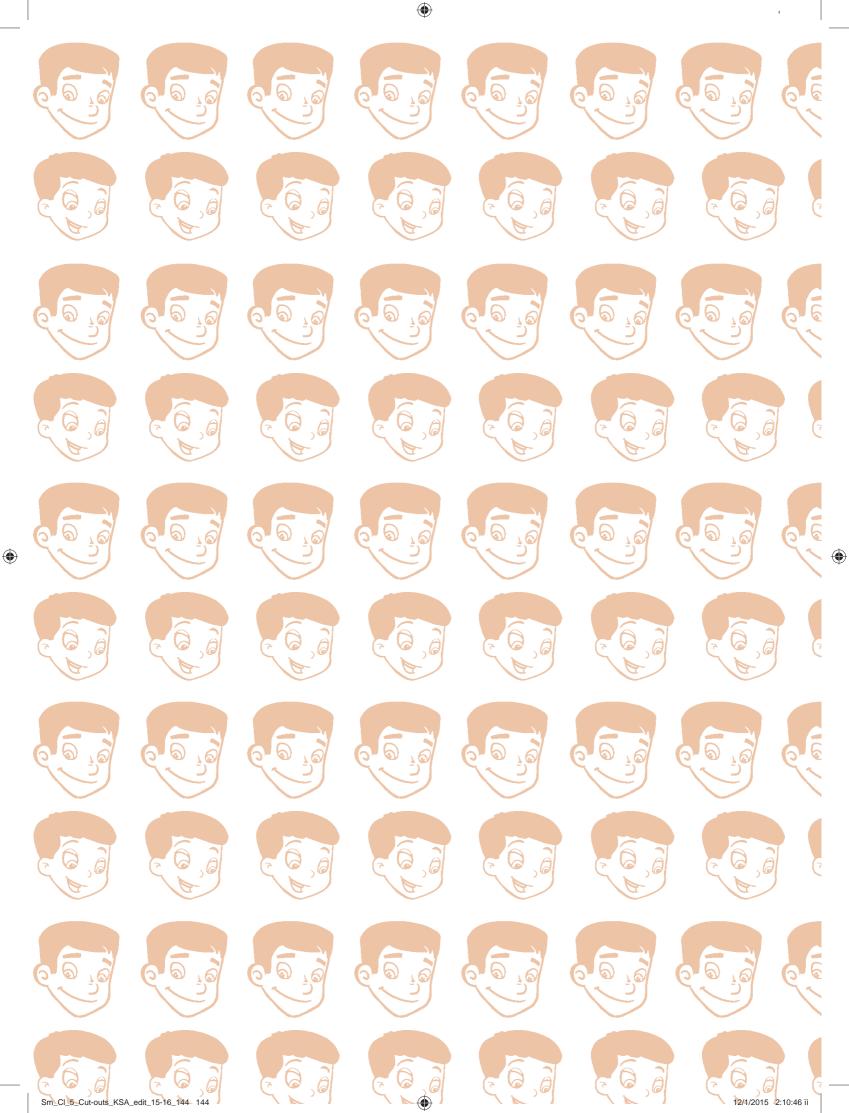
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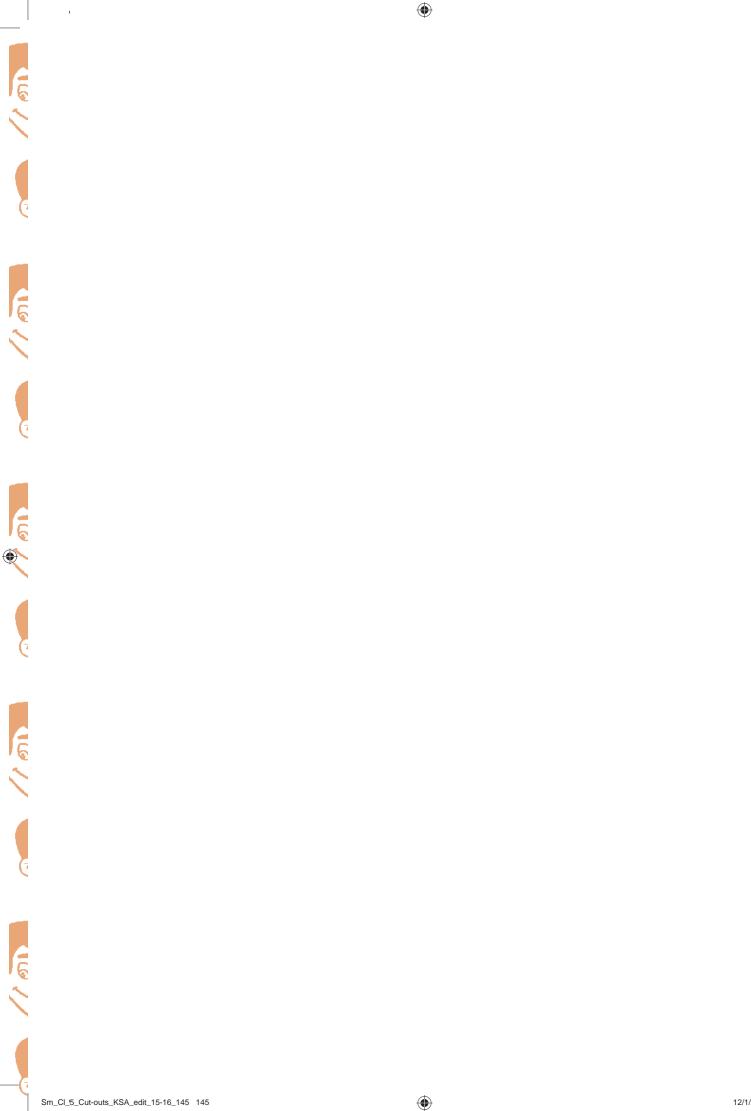
















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